

# STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

### STIC Database Tracking Number: 197346

TO: Michael Meller

Location: REM/3C03/3C18

Art Unit: 1655

Thursday, August 03, 2006

Case Serial Number: 10/600251

From: Barb O'Bryen

**Location: Biotech-Chem Library** 

Remsen 1a69

Phone: 571-272-2518

135B

barbara.obryen@uspto.gov

## Search Notes

## RUSH



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## STIC SEARCH RESULTS FEEDBACK FORM

## Biotech-Chem Library

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the searcher or contact:

Mary Hale, Information Branch Supervisor 571-272-2507 Remsen E01 D86

ol	untary Results Feedback Form
>	I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1610
>	Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:  102 rejection 103 rejection Cited as being of interest. Helped examiner better understand the invention. Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.  Types of relevant prior art found: Foreign Patent(s) Non-Patent Literature
	(journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)
>	Relevant prior art <b>not found:</b> Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).  Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.
Со	emments:
orthoxy.	



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0'Bryen 8-96 FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ACCESS DB # \_\_\_\_\_197346 PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

### Scientific and Technical Information Center

SEARCH REQUEST FORM
Requester's Fulf Name: MIC Mellow Examiner #: 0944 Date: 1276,  Art Unit: Phone Number: 2-72-096 7 Serial Number: 1660, 251-2005  Location (Bldg/Room#): 124
Title of Invention:   Wankery Amido Amines and Betaines G.S. G.  Inventors (please provide full names):  The of Inventors (please provide full names):
Earliest Priority Date: 6/23/03
Search Topic:  Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention.  Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known.
*For Sequence Searches Only* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.
Please Search the amine and also see the PCO Group which is defined on the last page. Group.

Chan
Prole After

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L50	5109	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON (COLD PRESS?)/BI
L52	18932	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON (SEED#(2A)OIL#)/BI
L55	2113	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON CRANBERR?/BI OR ((VACCINIUM OR
		V) (W) MACROCARPON) /	· ·
L113	273	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON (OLENICK A?/AU OR O LENICK A?/AU)
L114	7	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON (LAVAY C?/AU OR LA VAY C?/AU)
L115	16	SEA FILE=CAPLUS AB	B=ON ((L55 OR L50 OR L52) AND (L113 OR
		L114)) OR (L113 AN	
			inventor
=> d	ibib ed ab	s hitind 1115 1-16	search

L115 ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:693251 CAPLUS

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Raspberry amido amines and betaines derived from them

O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; Lavay,

Carter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Zenitech L.L.C., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 4 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 7078545	B1	20060718	US 2003-600241	20030623		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-600241	20030623		

Entered STN: 18 Jul 2006 ED

Raspberry seed oil derivs., obtained by the amidation AR of 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine (DMAPA) and cold-pressed raspberry seed oil, followed by condensation with sodium chloroacetate, form a raspberry betaine.

```
INCL 554052000; 554051000; 424765000
     23-18 (Aliphatic Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 45, 26
IT
     Amines
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (amido; raspberry seed oil amidated with
        3-(dimethylamino)propylamine)
IT
     Amidation
        (of raspberry seed oil with 3-
        (dimethylamino) propylamine)
TT
     Betaines
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (raspberry seed oil amidation products with
        3-(dimethylamino)propylamine and condensation products with ClCH2CO2Na;
        raspberry amido amines and betaines derived from them)
IT
     Raspberry
        (seed oils, amides with 3-
        (dimethylamino) propylamine, betaines with sodium chloroacetate;
        raspberry amido amines and betaines derived from them)
     109-55-7DP, 3-(Dimethylamino) propylamine, amides with cold-
IT
     pressed raspberry seed oil, betaines with
     sodium chloroacetate 3926-62-3DP, Sodium chloroacetate, betaines with
     amidation products of 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine and raspberry
     seed oil
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (raspberry amido amines and betaines derived from them)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        2
                              THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L115 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                        2006:529290 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         145:33475
TITLE:
                         Process and composition for dyeing hair utilizing
                         meadowfoam oil-derived quaternary ammonium
                         conditioning agents
INVENTOR(S):
                         Wohlman, Alan; Villanueva, Apolonio L.; O'Lenick,
                         Anthony J., Jr.
                         Fantech Corp., USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         U.S., 6 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                              DATE
                                ~----
                                           -----
                        ----
                                                                   _____
                               20060606
     US 7056350
                         B1
                                           US 2003-429595
                                                                   20030506
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2003-429595
                                                                   20030506
     Entered STN: 07 Jun 2006
ED
     The present invention relates to a composition, process for preparation and
AΒ
use of a
     novel hair dyeing composition in the personal care industry. The composition
when
     used in the dyeing process for hair results in a permanent coloration to
     the hair and improves manageability of the hair and minimizes damage from
     dyeing process. The use of a cationic compound based upon meadowfoam
     seed oil, i.e., RCONH(CH2)2N+(CH2CH2O)x(Me)(CH2)2NHCOR
```

M-; R = (CH2) 3CH : CH (CH2) 13Me, (CH2) 3CH : CH (CH2) 15Me, (CH2) 11CH : CH (CH2) 7Me;

```
(CH2)3CH:CH(CH2)6CH:CH(CH2)6Me; x = 1, 2; M = SO4Me, Cl, wherein R is
      derived from meadowfoam seed oil, provides unexpected
      penetration of the hair by the dye, unexpected oxidative stability in the
      dye compns., and unexpected color deposition to the hair. Thus, a
      conditioning hair dye composition contained oleic acid 4.0, C12-15 Pareth-3
      4.0, ammonium hydroxide 5.0, behentrimonium chloride 4.0, C11-15 Pareth-9
      4.0, fragrance 1.0, Steareth-21 3.0, propylene glycol 1.0, cetyl alc. 3.0,
      Polyquaternium-47 2.0, PEG 150/stearyl copolymer 1.0, stearyl alc. 1.0,
      erythorbic acid 0.5, EDTA 0.1, sodium sulfite 0.1, sodium metasilicate
      0.1, 4-amino-2-hydroxytoluene 1.0, p-aminophenol 1.0, mica 0.5, iron
      oxides 0.1, 1-naphthol p-phenylenediamine 1.0, titanium dioxide 0.1, 35%
      hydrogen peroxide 12.0, cationic compound RCONH(CH2)2N+(CH2CH2O)(Me)(CH2)2NH
      COR Cl- (R = 60\% to 65\% (CH2)3CH:CH(CH2)13Me, 12\% to 20\%
      (CH2)3CH:CH(CH2)15Me and (CH2)11CH:CH(CH2)7Me and 15% to 28%
      (CH2)3CH:CH(CH2)6CH:CH(CH2)6Me) 6, and water 48.5%, sp.
 INCL 008405000; 008406000; 008408000; 008410000; 008411000; 008421000;
      008606000; 132202000; 132208000; 424070110
 CC
      62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
 IT
      Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
      RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
         (Limnanthes alba seed, Meadowfoam seed oil
         ; compns. for dyeing hair utilizing meadowfoam oil-derived quaternary
         ammonium conditioning agents)
 REFERENCE COUNT:
                                THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                          1
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
 L115 ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                          2004:790791 CAPLUS
 ACCESSION NUMBER:
 DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          141:301428
 TITLE:
                         Raspberry polyoxyalkylene esters as a delivery system
                          for natural antioxidants
 INVENTOR(S):
                          O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; Lavay,
                          Carter
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Zenitech Llc, USA
                         U.S., 4 pp.
 SOURCE:
                         CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
 LANGUAGE:
                         English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:
      PATENT NO.
                         KTND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
      -----
                                -----
                          ----
      US 6797836
                          B1
                                 20040928
                                            US 2003-601618
                                                                    20030624
                                            US 2003-601618
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                    20030624
      Entered STN: 29 Sep 2004
. ED
      Raspberry seed oil derivs. derived by the reaction of
 AB
      polyoxyalkylene glycol compds. and cold pressed
      raspberry seed oil are described. The choice of
      pressed raspberry seed oil as a raw material in the
      preparation of the compds. of the invention is critical, since it has been
 found
      that the cold pressed raspberry seed
      oil contains antioxidants, antimicrobial compds. and which when
      reacted with a polyoxyalkylene glycol compds., result in products that
      deliver said actives to the skin and hair, resulting in protection of the
      skin and hair from environmental factors such as acid rain, ozone attack
      and UV degradation
      ICM C07C057-00
 INCL 554224000; 554223000; 424732000; 426629000
```

Meller 10/600251 CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) Section cross-reference(s): 35 IT Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (esters, of raspberry seed oil; raspberry polyoxyalkylene esters as a delivery system for natural antioxidants) TT Raspberry (seed oils, polyoxyalkylene esters; raspberry polyoxyalkylene esters as a delivery system for natural antioxidants) 25322-68-3DP, raspberry seed oil esters TΤ RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (raspberry polyoxyalkylene esters as a delivery system for natural antioxidants) REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L115 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 2003:1013133 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:47053 Polymeric castor dimer polyesters TITLE: O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; Lavay, INVENTOR (S): Carter PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zenitech LLC, USA U.S., 4 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,342,527. SOURCE: CODEN: USXXAM DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: ΡΑΤΈΝΤ ΝΟ KIMD ADDITONTION NO The certain castor polyesters give high gloss when applied to the skin. acid, and a dimer acid. ICM C08G063-54 TC ICS C08G063-48; C08G063-02; A61K007-00; A61K007-025

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6670441	B1	20031230	US 2001-4682	20011207
US 6342527	B1	20020129	US 2001-853019	20010511
PRIORITY APPLN. INF	O.:		US 2000-655142	B1 20000905
			US 2001-853019	A2 20010511
ED Entered STN:	31 Dec 2003			
AD Who combain co	atom molifort	ora givo bi	iah aloga whom applic	d to the skip

The esters are the reaction of the hydroxyl group of castor oil, a fatty

INCL 528295300; 528295500; 528272000; 424401000; 424064000 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 23, 35

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 2 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:887693 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:369719

Dimethicone copolyol cranberriate as a TITLE: delivery system for natural antioxidants

INVENTOR (S): Klein, Kenneth; Paleksky, Irwin; O'Lenick,

Anthony J., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zenitech L.L.C., USA

U.S., 5 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: USXXAM Meller 10/600251 Page 5

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

....

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO. ----\_\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_\_\_ B1 20031111 US 2002-287266 20021104 US 6646144 20021104 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-287266

ED Entered STN: 13 Nov 2003

AB The present invention relates to cranberry seed

oil derivs. derived by the reaction of dimethicone copolyol and

cold pressed cranberry seed

oil. The choice of cold pressed

cranberry seed oil as a raw material in the

preparation of the compds. of the present invention is critical, since it has been

found that the cold pressed cranberry

seed oil contains antioxidants, antimicrobial compds.

and which when reacted with a water soluble or water dispersible silicone result in products that deliver said actives to the skin and hair, resulting in protection of the skin and hair from environmental factors such as acid rain, ozone attack and UV degradation For example, to 400 g of cold pressed cranberry seed

oil, 458.0 g of dimethicone copolyol was added in the presence of a tin compound as a catalyst to obtain dimethicone copolyol cranberriate.

IC ICM C07F007-08

INCL 554077000; 554167000; 554168000; 554227000; 556437000; 556440000; 424432000

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

ST dimethicone copolyol ester cranberry seed oil

delivery antioxidant

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(cranberry seed; dimethicone copolyol ester with

cranberry seed oil as delivery system for

natural antioxidants)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(di-Me, Me hydrogen polysiloxane-; dimethicone copolyol ester with cranberry seed oil as delivery system for

natural antioxidants)

IT Polysiloxanes, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(di-Me, Me hydrogen, polyoxyalkylene-; dimethicone copolyol ester with cranberry seed oil as delivery system for

natural antioxidants)

IT Antioxidants

Drug delivery systems

Esterification

(dimethicone copolyol ester with cranberry seed oil as delivery system for natural antioxidants)

IT Hair

Skin

(protection of; dimethicone copolyol ester with cranberry seed oil as delivery system for natural antioxidants)

IT Cranberry

(seed oil; dimethicone copolyol ester with

cranberry seed oil as delivery system for

natural antioxidants)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:784594 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:281290

Dimethicone copolyol esters with raspberry oil as a TITLE:

delivery system for natural antioxidants

INVENTOR(S): Klein, Kenneth; Paleksky, Irwin; O'Lenick,

Anthony J., Jr. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zenitech LLC, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 5 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

LANGUAGE:

- · ,

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 6630180	B1	20031007	US 2002-291570	20021112		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-291570	20021112		

Entered STN: 07 Oct 2003 ED

The invention relates to raspberry seed oil derivs. AB

prepared by the reaction of dimethicone copolyol and cold

pressed raspberry seed oil. The choice of

cold pressed raspberry seed oil as a

raw material in the preparation of the compds. is critical, since it has been found that the cold pressed raspberry seed oil contains antioxidants, antimicrobial compds. and which when

reacted with a water soluble or water dispersible silicone result in products that deliver the actives to the skin and hair, resulting in protection of the skin and hair from environmental factors such as acid rain, ozone attack and UV degradation To grams of 400 g of cold pressed raspberry seed oil is added 458.0 g dimethicone

copolyol in the presence of a tin compound as a catalyst.

ICM A61K035-78 TC

INCL 424765000

63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 62

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 5

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:869291 CAPLUS

137:357896 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Process and composition for dyeing hair utilizing TITLE:

silicone fatty acid esters

Wohlman, Alan; O'Lenick, Anthony J. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

\_\_\_\_\_ ---------A1 20021114 US 2001-777022 US 2002166179 US 2001-777022 20010206 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Entered STN: 15 Nov 2002 ED A process is described for simultaneous conditioning and dyeing of hair using a composition containing (a) a silicone fatty acid ester having C16-32 present in the ester portion of the mol., e.g., an ester based upon meadowfoam seed oil, (b) hair dye colors, including main oxidation bases and coupling agents, (c) an oxidizing agent, and (d) a base selected from the group consisting of ammonia, NaOH and KOH. The composition is mixed together just prior to use and provides a very efficient dyeing process for hair resulting in a permanent coloration, improved manageability, and minimal damage to the hair. The ease of penetration, overall uniformity of color deposition and overall condition of the hair so treated is outstanding. ICM A61K007-13 IC INCL 008405000 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics) CCFats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies TT RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Limnanthes alba seed; simultaneous hair dyeing and conditioning using silicone fatty acid esters derived from meadowfoam seed oil) L115 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:490327 CAPLUS 138:209891 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Castor polyesters for personal care TITLE: AUTHOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; LaVay, Carter Siltech LLC, Dacula, GA, USA CORPORATE SOURCE: Cosmetics & Toiletries (2002), 117(6), 59-62, 64 SOURCE: CODEN: CTOIDG; ISSN: 0361-4387 Allured Publishing Corp. PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 30 Jun 2002 Naturally occurring castor oil and succinic acid can be reacted to make a polyester (such as castor succinate) and then functionalized to provide benefits in cosmetic formulations. 62-1 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics) THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 4 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L115 ANSWER 9 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:345811 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:359430 TITLE: Process and composition for dyeing hair utilizing zwitterionic conditioning agents such as betaines INVENTOR(S): Wohlman, Alan; O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fan Tech Ltd., USA SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND

DATE

PATENT NO.

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

US 2001-776115 20010205 US 6383232 B1 20020507 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-776115 20010205

Entered STN: 09 May 2002

A composition for the simultaneous conditioning and dyeing of hair comprises AB (a) a zwitterionic compound containing between 16 and 32 carbon atoms, preferably an alkylamidopropyl di-Me betaine derived from meadowfoam seed oil, (b) hair dye colors including main oxidation bases and coupling agents selected from p-phenylenediamine, p-aminophenol hydrochloride, 2-amino-4-nitrophenol, 4-nitro-o-phenylenediamine, o-aminophenol, resorcinol, pyrogallol, hydroquinone, 2,4-diaminophenol, etc., (c) an oxidizing agent comprising hydrogen peroxide, (d) a base selected from ammonia, NaOH and KOH, and (e) water. The composition when used in the dyeing process for hair results in a permanent coloration to the hair, improves manageability of the hair and minimizes damage from dyeing process. Typical formulations used com. contain a variety of ingredients. Addition of the compds. of the present invention to the formulated products just prior to application results in many desirable properties. The use of zwitterionic compds. provide unexpected penetration of the hair by the dye, unexpected oxidative stability in the dye compns., and unexpected color deposition to the hair.

IC ICM A61K007-13

INCL 008408000

62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 5

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:84605 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:139628

TITLE: Polymeric castor polyesters INVENTOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; Lavay,

Carter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zenitech LLC, USA

U.S., 4 pp., Cont. of U.S. No. 655,142. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6342527	B1	20020129	US 2001-853019	20010511
US 6670441	B1	20031230	US 2001-4682	20011207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-655142	1 20000905
			US 2001-853019 A	A2 20010511

Entered STN: 31 Jan 2002 ED

The present invention deals with the certain castor polyesters which give AB high gloss when applied to the skin. The esters are prepared by the reaction of the hydroxyl groups of castor oil with <1 equivalent of a C6-34 fatty acid in the presence of stannous oxylate and then with the remainder of an equivalent with a diacid, i.e., succinic acid resulting in a clear oil that is used without addnl. purification The effective glossing concentration of the

product, e.g., a lipstick, a color cosmetic or hair preparation, is 0.05-30% by weight, more preferred 1-10%.

IC ICM A61K031-225

ICS A61K031-22; A61K007-00; C07C059-185; C08G063-48

INCL 514547000

62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 23

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THEF

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:772136 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:322517

TITLE:

Reconstituted meadowfoam oil in personal care

applications

INVENTOR(S):

Wohlman, Alan; O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fan Tech, Ltd., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 10 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,180,668.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 6306906	B1	20011023	US 2000-580604	20000530		
US 6013818	Α	20000111	US 1998-128271	19980803		
US 6180668	B1	20010130	US 1999-330207	19990611		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-128271 A2	19980803		
			US 1999-330207 A2	19990611		
			US 1997-993604 A2	19971218		

ED Entered STN: 24 Oct 2001

AB The present invention to provide a process for conditioning hair and skin comprises contacting the skin or hair with an effective conditioning concentration of a of the reaction product of meadowfoam oil and an ester selected from the group consisting of beeswax, jojoba oil, carnauba wax, and candelilla wax.

IC ICM A61K031-23

INCL 514552000

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Limnanthes alba seed; reconstituted meadowfoam oil

in personal care applications)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 12 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:502445 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:78522

TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):

Reconstituted meadowfoam oil O'lenick, Anthony J., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fan Tech Ltd., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,180,668.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6258965	В1	20010710	US 2000-550200	20000417
US 6013818	Α	20000111	US 1998-128271	19980803

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Meller 10/600251
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US 6180668 B1 20010130 US 1999-330207 19990611
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-128271 A2 19980803
US 1999-330207 A2 19990611
US 1997-993604 A2 19971218

ED Entered STN: 12 Jul 2001

AB Meadowfoam oil and ≥1 oils of natural origin are transesterified at 150-250° and in the presence of catalyst such as stannous oxylate to make a reconstituted product having an altered alkyl distribution and consequently altered chemical and phys. properties. The reaction of meadowfoam oil and beeswax, carnauba wax, candelilla wax, and jojoba oil was described.

IC ICM C07C057-00

INCL 554227000

CC 45-3 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Limnanthes alba seed; reconstituted meadowfoam oil
through transesterifications with beeswax, carnauba wax, candelilla
wax, or jojoba oil)

L115 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:75303 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:136461

TITLE: Reconstituted meadowfoam oil in personal care

applications

INVENTOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; Wohlman, Alan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fan Tech Ltd., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,013,818.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 6180668	B1	20010130	US 1999-330207	19990611		
US 6013818	Α	20000111	US 1998-128271	19980803		
US 6258965	B1	20010710	US 2000-550200 ·	20000417		
US 6306906	B1	20011023	US 2000-580604	20000530		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-993604 B2	19971218		
			US 1998-128271 A2	19980803		
			US 1999-330207 A2	19990611		

ED Entered STN: 01 Feb 2001

AB The present invention relates to a series of "reconstituted meadowfoam oils", used on skin for moisturizing and emollient applications. The term reconstituted as used hereon refers to a process in which meadowfoam oil and one or more oils of natural origin, e.g. soybean oil, corn oil, sunflower oil, safflower oil, olive oil, and cottonseed oil, etc., are transesterified under conditions of high temperature and catalyst to make a "reconstituted product" having an altered alkyl distribution and consequently altered chemical and phys. properties.

IC ICM A01N037-02

ICS A01N037-06

INCL 514547000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Limnanthes alba seed; reconstituted meadowfoam oil

in personal care applications)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, reactions

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (grape seed; reconstituted meadowfoam oil in

personal care applications)

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 14 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1999:219712 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:257178

Reconstituted silanol wax esters for use in skin TITLE:

cosmetics

INVENTOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; La Vay,

Carter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Petroferk Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,733,533.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE .

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5888485	Α	19990330	US 1997-998371	19971224
US 5733533	Α	19980331	US 1997-882487	19970625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-882487 A	2 19970625

MARPAT 130:257178 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 08 Apr 1999 ED

Certain reconstituted wax esters, prepared by the reaction of a silanol AB polymer and a natural high mol. wax ester selected from the group consisting of beeswax, candelilla, and carnauba wax are disclosed. These materials are useful in preparation of cosmetic products where their ability to couple organic, silicone and other components into a uniform mass is unsurpassed. One major area for the use of these materials is in lipsticks. In addition they are useful in antiperspirants and other formulations which contain both oils and silicones. The invention esters were prepared by trans-esterification reaction of the wax and the silicone polymer. Formulation of a lipstick comprising 1-70% of a volatile solvent; 0.1-15% of a silicone ester; 10-45% wax; and 5-50% powder is disclosed.

IC ICM A61K007-027

ICS C07F007-10; C07F007-08; C07F007-18

INCL 424064000

62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:202604 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:274886

TITLE:

Reconstituted silicone wax esters for use in cosmetics

INVENTOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.; La Vay,

Carter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Lambent Technologies Inc., USA; J.W. Hanson Co.

SOURCE:

U.S., 6 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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US	5733	533			Α		1998	0331	1	US	1997-	8824	87			19970	625
US	5888	485			Α		1999	0330	1	US	1997-	9983	71		19971224		
CA	2295	096			AA		1998	1230	(	CA	1998-	2295	096		19980428		
WO	9858	620			A1		1998	1230	1	WO	1998-	US84	89		19980428		
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EP	9898	40			A1		2000	0405	1	EΡ	1998-	9188	80		:	19980	428
EP	9898	40			В1		2003	0702									
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AT	2439	91			E		2003	0715		$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{A}$	1998-	9188	80		:	L9980	428
ES	2202	841			Т3		2004	0401	]	ES	1998-	9188	80			19980	428
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US	1997-	8824	87		A2 :	19970	625
									1	WO	1998-	US84	89		W :	L9980	428

ED Entered STN: 09 Apr 1998

AB Certain reconstituted wax esters, prepared by the reaction of a silicone polymer and a natural high mol. wax ester selected from the group consisting of beeswax, candelilla, and carnauba wax. These materials are useful in preparation of cosmetic products where their ability to couple organic

silicone and other components into a uniform mass is unsurpassed. One major area for the use of these materials is in lipsticks. In addition they are useful in antiperspirants and other formulations which contain both oils and silicones. Lipsticks contained a volatile solvent 1-70, silicone ester 0.1-15, wax 10-45, and powder 5-50%.

IC ICM A61K007-027

ICS C07F007-10; C07F007-08; C07F007-18

INCL 424064000

CC 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L115 ANSWER 16 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:461038 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:137349

TITLE: Guerbet meadowfoam esters as cosmetic lubricants

INVENTOR(S): O'Lenick, Anthony J., Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Siltech Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 16

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5646321	A	19970708	US 1995-516138	19950817
US 5741916	A	19980421	US 1996-692376	19960731
US 5736571	Α	19980407	US 1996-715742	19960919
US 5760260	Α	19980602	US 1996-759266	19961202
US 5770751	Α	19980623	US 1996-767475	19961216

			•		•	
US 5741919	Α	19980421	US 1996-773735	-	19961226	
US 5917070	A	19990629	US 1996-773734		19961226	
US 5741915	Α	19980421	US 1997-782217	1	19970113	
US 5780643	A	19980714	US 1997-819555	1	19970317	
US 5786388	A	19980728	US 1997-847577	1	19970424	
US 5817846	A	19981006	US 1997-842082		19970428	
US 5834516	A	19981110	US 1997-847202	3	19970501	
US 5834517	A	19981110	US 1997-847203	1	19970501	
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1995-516138	A2 1	19950817	
			US 1996-692376	A2 1	19960731	
			US 1996-759266	A2 1	19961202	

ED Entered STN: 23 Jul 1997

AB The esters are prepared by reaction of a C12-44 Guerbet alc. with meadowfoam fatty acids, their Me esters or triglycerides. These materials are useful as cosmetic ingredients where outstanding liquidity, resistance to oxidation, and minimal taste and odor variation are required. This combination of properties make these compds. excellent candidates as additives to personal care products such as skin care oils and lipsticks. Thus, 354 g meadowfoam oil was heated with 269 g C18 Guerbet alc. in the presence of a Sn catalyst with vacuum distillation of the glycerol formed to give a clear liquid.

which showed no rancidity after storage for 3 mo.

IC ICM C07C057-00

INCL 554224000

CC 45-3 (Industrial Organic Chemicals, Leather, Fats, and Waxes) Section cross-reference(s): 62

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Limnanthes alba seed, meadowfoam oil; Guerbet alc.
esters as cosmetic lubricants by transesterification of)

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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

L8 STR

VAR G1=5/9
VAR G2=NH2/18
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
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CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 16
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GGCAT IS HIC AT 16
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10 SCR 1399 AND 1006 AND 1236

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L28 STR

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subset search in done on this structure

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

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6173 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L33
L37
L38
            730 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L36 AND L37
L48
            240 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (VACCINIUM/OBI OR V/OBI) (W) MACROCARPON/
                OBI
              O SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L48 AND (L38 OR L35)
L49
L8
                STR
L10
                SCR 1399 AND 1006 AND 1236
L12
            843 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 AND L10
          26914 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON 14-24/C AND 28-48/H AND 2/O AND
L22
                3/ELC.SUB NOT RSD/FA
L28
                STR
L30
            157 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L12 SSS FUL L28
L32
            140 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L30/COMPLETE
L33
            686 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 NOT L30
L35
            503 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L32
L36
         199095 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L22
L37
           6173 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L33
L38
            730 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L36 AND L37
L50
           5109 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (COLD PRESS?)/BI
L51
              O SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L50 AND (L38 OR L35)
                                                                       ) previously
printed
w/ inventor
pearc
=> s 156,154,1103,1104,1106,1108 not 1115
```

L116 45 (L56 OR L54 OR L103 OR L104 OR L106 OR L108) NOT => fil medl; d que nos 169; d que nos 176 FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:10 ON 03 AUG 2006

FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 Aug 2006 (20060802/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 11, 2005, the 2006 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2006 is now (26 Feb.) available. For details on the 2006 reload, enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow prompt (=>). See also:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04 mesh.html

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05 med data changes.html

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd05/nd05 2006 MeSH.html

OLDMEDLINE is covered back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2006 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L8		STR	
L10		SCR	1399 AND 1006 AND 1236
L12	843	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 AND L10
L28		STR	
L30	157	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L12 SSS FUL L28
L32	140	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L30/COMPLETE
L69	7	SEA	FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L32

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L8
                STR
                SCR 1399 AND 1006 AND 1236
L10
            843 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 AND L10
L12
L22
         26914 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON 14-24/C AND 28-48/H AND 2/O AND
                3/ELC.SUB NOT RSD/FA
1.28
           157 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L12 SSS FUL L28
L30
            686 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L12 NOT L30
L33
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L33 AND MEDLINE/LC
L70
           178 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L22 AND MEDLINE/LC
L71
            16 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L70
L72
          32377 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L71
L73
             O SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L72 AND L73
L76
=> dup rem 1116,169
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:43:18 ON 03 AUG 2006
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:18 ON 03 AUG 2006
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L116
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L69
             52 DUP REM L116 L69 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
T.117
                ANSWERS '1-45' FROM FILE CAPLUS
                ANSWERS '46-52' FROM FILE MEDLINE
=> d ibib ed abs hitstr 1-45; d iall 46-52
L117 ANSWER 1 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                     2006:468866 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         144:470006
                         Deodorant perfume compositions and fabric softener
TITLE:
                         compositions containing them
                         Mizunoya, Hirohide; Kubono, Yumi
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kao Corp., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                                                                 DATE
                                -----
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                                            -----
                                                                   _____
                                            JP 2004-316591
                                20060518
     JP 2006124884
                         A2
                                                                   20041029
                                            JP 2004-316591
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                   20041029
     Entered STN: 19 May 2006
     The perfume compns. comprise at weight ratio A > B (A) perfumes selected from
AB
     lilial (I) (p-tert-butyl-\alpha-methylhydrocinnamic aldehyde),
     \gamma-decalactone (II), tentarome (6-acetyl-1,1,2,4,4,7-hexatetralin)
     (III), musk ketone, \gamma-undecalactone (IV), \alpha-amylcinnamaldehyde
     (V), liral [4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl)-3-cyclohexene-1-carboxaldehyde]
     (VI), ambroxan (VII) (3\alpha, 6, 6, 9\alpha-\text{tetramethyldodecahydronaphtho})
     2,1-b] furan), \delta-decalactone, raspberry ketone
     [4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-butanone] (VIII), iso-E Super (7-
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acetyl,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-ocatahydro-1,1,6,7-tetramethylnaphthalene), and
     rosephenone [(trichloromethyl)phenylcarbinyl acetate] and (B) perfume
     selected from aldehyde C 12MNA Schiff base [methylnonylacetoaldehyde-Me
     anthranilate (IX) Schiff base], isoamyl salicylate, aldehyde C 10 Schiff
     base (decylaldehyde-IX Schiff base), galaxolide (1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-
     4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylcyclopenta[g]-2-benzopyran) (X), methylionone,
     pentalide (cyclopentadecanolide) (XI), ambrettolide (cyclohexadecanolide),
     Habanolide (cyclopentadecenolide), and ethylene brassylate. Thus,
     laundered clothing was treated with a softener containing 15% composition of
     N-(3-alkanoylaminopropyl)-N-(2-alkanoyloxyethyl)-N-methylamine and
     N-(3-alkanoylaminopropyl)-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylamine manufactured from
     stearic acid, palmitic acid, and N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-(2-
     hydroxyethyl) methylamine and 0.6% 37.3:13.1 perfume of a
     7.0/1.0/5.0/2.0/20.0/1.0/0.3/1.0 mixture comprising I, II, III, IV, V, VI,
     VII, and VIII and a 11.1/2.0 mixture comprising X and XI to show good
     perfume and properties deodorizing grilled meat and cigarettes.
     57-10-3D, Palmitic acid, reaction products with tertiary amines
IT
     57-11-4D, Stearic acid, reaction products with tertiary amines
     109-55-7D, (3-Aminopropyl)dimethylamine, reaction products with
     fatty acids
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (deodorant perfume-containing fabric softeners)
     57-10-3 CAPLUS
RN
     Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO_2C^- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me
     57-11-4 CAPLUS
RN
     Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me
RN
     109-55-7 CAPLUS
     1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2
L117 ANSWER 2 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:902663 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         143:235459
                         Cosmetic and pharmaceutical foam with solid particles
TITLE:
                         such as oxides for topical administration
                         Tamarkin, Dov; Friedman, Doron; Eini, Meir; Besonov,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Alex
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Foamix Ltd., Israel
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
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Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 2-2518

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                               20050825
                                           WO 2005-IB1227
                                                                  20050204
    WO 2005076697
                        A2
           AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
            LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
            NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
            TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
            EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
            RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20050825
                                           AU 2005-201455
                                                                  20050204
    AU 2005201455
                         A1
                                           US 2004-541698P
                                                               P 20040204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    Entered STN: 26 Aug 2005
ED
    The invention relates to an alc.-free cosmetic or pharmaceutical foam
AB
     carrier comprising about 2 to 30% by weight solid particles, about 2 to 75%
    by weight hydrophobic solvent, about 10 to 85% by weight water, about 0.1 to 5
    by weight surface-active agent, about 0.1 to 5% by weight stabilizer/gelling
     agent and a liquefied or compressed gas propellant in a container, which
    upon release provides a breakable foam suitable for topical
     administration. For example, a wound healing foam was prepared containing
    mineral oil 12.5, colloidal silver 2.0, lidocaine 4.0, Arlacel 135 2.0,
    Avicel CL611 2.0, Tween 80 2.0, cocoamidopropylbetaine 1.0, D-Panthenol
     50P 10.0, benzalkonium chloride 0.20 and water to 100%.
     110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl
IT
     derivs., N-coco acyl derivs. 439612-67-6, Arlacel 135
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
    USES (Uses)
        (cosmetic and pharmaceutical foam with solid particles such as oxides
        for topical administration)
     110-27-0 CAPLUS
RN
     Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
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$$i-PrO-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me$$

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$_{\text{H}_{2}\text{N}^{-}}^{\text{Me}} (\text{CH}_{2})_{3} - N_{-}^{+} \text{CH}_{2} - \text{CO}_{2}$$

RN 439612-67-6 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, homopolymer, ester with  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 25322-68-3 CMF (C2 H4 O)n H2 O CCI PMS

CM

CRN 27924-99-8 CMF (C18 H36 O3)x CCI PMS

> CM 3

CRN 106-14-9 CMF C18 H36 O3

$$^{
m OH}_{
m |}$$
  $^{
m Me-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-CH- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H

L117 ANSWER 3 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2005:141200 CAPLUS 142:254568

TITLE:

Methods and compositions for increasing the efficacy

of biologically-active ingredients such as antitumor

agents

INVENTOR(S): Windsor, J. Brian; Roux, Stan J.; Lloyd, Alan M.;

Thomas, Collin E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 243 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
WO 2005014777	A2	20050217	WO 2003-US32667	20031016	
WO 2005014777	A3	20050915	20050915		
W: AE, AG,	AL, AM, AT	, AU, AZ, BA,	BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,	
CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE	, DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD, GE,	
GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID	, IL, IN, IS,	JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC, LK,	
LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV	, MA, MD, MG,	MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NI, NO, NZ,	
OM, PG,	PH, PL, PT	, RO, RU, SC,	SD, SE, SG, SK,	SL, SY, TJ, TM,	
TN, TR,	TT, TZ, UA	, UG, US, UZ,	VC, VN, YU, ZA,	ZM, ZW	
RW: GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW	, MZ, SD, SL,	SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY,	
KG, KZ,	MD, RU, TJ	, TM, AT, BE,	BG, CH, CY, CZ,	DE, DK, EE, ES,	
FI, FR	GB, GR, HU	, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL, PT, RO,	SE, SI, SK, TR,	
BF, BJ,	CF, CG, CI	, CM, GA, GN,	GQ, GW, ML, MR,	NE, SN, TD, TG	

CA 2502148 AA 20050217 CA 2003-2502148 20031016 20050225 AU 2003-304398 20031016 AU 2003304398 A1 EP 2003-816736 EP 1576150 A2 20050921 20031016 EP 1576150 А3 20051102 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2002-418803P P 20021016
WO 2003-US32667 W 20031016

ED Entered STN: 18 Feb 2005

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for modulating the sensitivity of cells to cytotoxic compds. and other active agents. In accordance with the invention, compns. are provided comprising combinations of ectophosphatase inhibitors and active agents. Active agents include antibiotics, fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, chemotherapeutic agents, and plant growth regulators. By increasing the efficacy of active agents, the invention allows use of compns. with lowered concns. of active ingredients.

IT 125695-78-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Isomate LBAM; methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active ingredients such as antitumor agents)

RN 125695-78-5 CAPLUS

CN 9,11-Tetradecadien-1-ol, acetate, (E,E)-, mixt. with (E)-11-tetradecenyl acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 54664-98-1 CMF C16 H28 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 2

CRN 33189-72-9 CMF C16 H30 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 112-62-9 12068-12-1 16725-53-4
20711-10-8 30507-70-1 33189-72-9
34010-21-4 41096-46-2 50767-79-8
50933-33-0 51607-94-4 52207-99-5
53042-79-8 53120-26-6 53120-27-7
55069-68-6 55195-26-1 56218-79-2
60037-58-3 65733-18-8 65954-19-0
72269-48-8
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity): THU

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active ingredients such as antitumor agents)

RN 112-62-9 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

MeO 
$$(CH_2)_{7}$$
  $Z$   $(CH_2)_{7}$  Me

RN 12068-12-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, compd. with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 27176-87-0 CMF C18 H30 O3 S CCI IDS



D1-S03H

 $Me^{-(CH_2)_{11}-D1}$ 

CM 2

CRN 109-55-7 CMF C5 H14 N2

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 16725-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Tetradecen-1-ol, acetate, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$n-Bu$$
AcO (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>  $Z$ 

RN 20711-10-8 CAPLUS

CN 11-Tetradecen-1-ol, acetate, (11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 30507-70-1 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Tetradecadien-1-ol, acetate, (9Z,12E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 33189-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 11-Tetradecen-1-ol, acetate, (11E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 34010-21-4 CAPLUS

CN 11-Hexadecen-1-ol, acetate, (11Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 41096-46-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Dodecadienoic acid, 3,7,11-trimethyl-, ethyl ester, (2E,4E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 50767-79-8 CAPLUS

CN 9,11-Tetradecadien-1-ol, acetate, (9Z,11E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 50933-33-0 CAPLUS

CN 7,11-Hexadecadien-1-ol, acetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 2-2518

 $AcO-(CH_2)_6-CH-CH_2-CH_2-CH-Bu-n$ 

RN 51607-94-4 CAPLUS

5 % ...

CN 7,11-Hexadecadien-1-ol, acetate, (7E,11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 52207-99-5 CAPLUS

CN 7,11-Hexadecadien-1-ol, acetate, (7Z,11Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 53042-79-8 CAPLUS

CN 7,11-Hexadecadien-1-ol, acetate, (7Z,11E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 53120-26-6 CAPLUS

CN 3,13-Octadecadien-1-ol, acetate, (3E,13Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 53120-27-7 CAPLUS

CN 3,13-Octadecadien-1-ol, acetate, (3Z,13Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 55069-68-6 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, ether with

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 2-2518

D-glucitol (6:1), dodecanoate (9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53694-15-8

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C6

H14 O6 CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 143-07-7 CMF C12 H24 O2

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{10}^-Me$ 

CM 3

CRN 112-80-1 CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7 Z (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7

RN 55195-26-1 CAPLUS

CN Decanoic acid, 1-methylbutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 56218-79-2 CAPLUS

CN 9-Tetradecen-1-ol, formate, (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 60037-58-3 CAPLUS

CN 13-Octadecen-1-ol, acetate, (13Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 65733-18-8 CAPLUS .

CN 2,4-Dodecadienoic acid, 3,7,11-trimethyl-, ethyl ester, (2E,4E,7S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 65954-19-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Tridecen-1-ol, acetate, (4Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 72269-48-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Tridecen-1-ol, acetate, (4E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$AcO$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>  $E$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub> Me

L117 ANSWER 4 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1313694 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:40413

TITLE:

Fibrous foamable cleansing articles packaged in

plastic receptacle

INVENTOR (S):

Macedo, Filomena Augusta; Grissett, Gregory Aaron; Keenan, Diane Marie; Williams, David Robert; Clarke,

Michael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever Home & Personal Care USA, USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	NO.			KIN	D 1	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		Di	ATE	
					_									-	<del>-</del> -	
US 2005277567			A1 20051215			1	US 2004-633					20041201				
WO 200	51212	98		A1		2005	1222	1	WO 2005-EP5852					20050530		
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ,
	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,
	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,
	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	ΥU,
	ZA,	ZM,	zw													
RW	: BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AΤ,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,
	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-579465P P 20040614

Entered STN: 16 Dec 2005

A cleansing article and process for manufacture is provided, the article being AB a solid or semi-solid foamable composition joinably penetrating a fibrous web, the combination being molded and held for sale to consumers in a single use disposable sealed plastic receptacle. The receptacle includes indicia printed onto or associated with the plastic receptacle. For example, a toilette bar with a high oil content was prepared The foamable composition of this bar contained stearic acid 13.09, propylene glycol 4.0, glycerin 4.0, sodium hydroxide 1.3, sodium laureth sulfate 4.0, hydrogenated cotton seed oil 4.0, petrolatum 1.0, 12-hydroxystearic acid 9.0,  $\alpha\text{-olefin}$  sulfonate 3.0, cocoamidopropyl betaine 6.0, titanium dioxide 0.75, sodium cocoyl isethionate 17.89, sodium cocoate 14.88, zinc oxide 0.05, sunflower seed oil 16.0, fragrance 1.0, diphosphoric acid 0.02, and tetrasodium EDTA 0.02 weight%, resp. The foamable composition in molten form was poured into a single use polyester plastic receptacle comprising in a receiving cavity a nonwoven structure. Total amount of nonwoven was 1.0 g and the foamable composition was 100.0 g. **36574-66-0D**, N-coco acyl derivs. IT

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); DEV (Device component use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Cocoamidopropyl betaine; foamable cleansing composition with fibrous web packaged in sealed plastic receptacle)

36574-66-0 CAPLUS RN

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies TТ RL: COS (Cosmetic use); DEV (Device component use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (foamable cleansing composition with fibrous web packaged in sealed plastic 14 71

receptacle) 57-11-4 CAPLUS RN

Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 5 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1313678 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:40412

TITLE:

Foamable cleansing article penetrating a fibrous web Grissett, Gregory Aaron; Keenan, Diane Marie; Macedo,

INVENTOR(S):

Filomena Augusta; Williams, David Robert

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
US	2005	 2775	<sup>.</sup> 66		A1	A1 20051215			1	 US 2:	004-	9383	 84				
WO	2005	1213	01		A1		20051222 WO 2005-EP6121					20050606					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KM,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NA,
		NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,
		SL,	SM,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,
		ZA,	ZM,	ZW													
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŬĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-579477P P 20040614

Entered STN: 16 Dec 2005 ED

A cleansing article is provided which includes a fibrous web of continuous AB network bonded fibers and a solid or semi-solid foamable composition joinably penetrating the web. The web has a first and second major surface each being on opposite faces of the web. The composition and web are present in a relative weight ratio ranging from about 30:1 to about 2000:1. At least a major portion of the first major surface of the web preferably being exposed above the foamable composition, and a majority of surfaces defining an exterior of the article are formed of the foamable composition For example, a toilette bar composition with high level of nonwoven was prepared comprising a 1.0 g nonwoven fibrous assembly combined with 114.0 g foamable composition (the amount of foamable composition relative to the fibrous assembly 11,400% by weight).

The foamable composition contained stearic acid 11.36, propylene glycol 2.47, glycerin 4.00, sodium hydroxide 3.94, sodium laureth sulfate 2EO (70%) 4.57, hydrogenated cotton seed oil 3.95, petrolatum

1.00, 12-hydroxystearic acid 8.00, sodium C14-16 olefin sulfonate 3.89, cocoamidopropyl betaine 6.00, sodium tallowate 6.34, sodium isethionate 11.98, sodium cocoate 11.35, zinc oxide 0.03, sunflower seed oil 6.00, disodium cocoamphodipropionate 5.78, sodium chloride

0.03, water 2.27, sodium lauryl sulfate 6.00, fragrance 1.00, diphosphoric acid 0.02, and tetrasodium EDTA 0.02 weight%, resp.

IT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Cocoamidopropyl betaine; foamable cleansing composition penetrating fibrous web network)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{|_{1}}$$
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
 $_{4}$ 
 $_{5}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{6}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
 $_{4}$ 
 $_{5}$ 
 $_{6}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{8}$ 

IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies

RL: DEV (Device component use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(foamable cleansing composition penetrating fibrous web network)

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 6 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1077877 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:352861

TITLE: Beauty wash product compositions with solid

particulate optical modifiers, such as titanium dioxide, delivering enhanced visual benefits to the

skin with specific optical attributes

INVENTOR(S): Polonka, Jack; Hamilton, Brian Keith; Lips, Alexander;

Chandar, Prem

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever Home & Personal Care USA, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 815,003.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_ \_ \_ \_ -----US 2005220736 **A1** 20051006 US 2004-996532 20041124 US 2005227881 US 2004-815003 **A1** 20051013 20040331 US 2005233916 US 2005-43509 20051020 A1 20050126 WO 2005094780 WO 2005-EP2814 20051013 **A**1 20050311 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,

NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM,

SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZR, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-815003 A2 20040331 US 2004-996532 A2 20041124 US 2005-43509 A 20050126

400

ED Entered STN: 07 Oct 2005

AB The present invention relates to rinse-off cleansing compns. comprising solid particulate optical modifiers (e.g., titanium dioxide, mica, etc.) delivering enhanced visual benefits (gloss, shine, color, lightness and radiance) to the skin by using specific deposition systems (e.g., cationic polymer/anionic surfactant ppts.) and/or by ensuring dispersion of particles. For example, a soap bar composition comprised polyethylene glycol 43.5, cocoamidosulfosuccinate 30, fatty acid 10, sunflower seed oil 10, Merquat 100 1.5, water 5, and TiO2 16%, resp.

IT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs., N-coco acyl derivs.
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Cocoamidopropyl betaine; facial cleanser with optical modifiers delivering enhanced visual benefits to skin with specific optical attributes)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies 57-11-4,
Stearic acid, biological studies 544-63-8, Myristic acid,
biological studies 9004-95-9, Polyoxyethylene cetyl ether
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (facial cleanser with optical modifiers delivering enhanced visual
 benefits to skin with specific optical attributes)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>-Me

RN 9004-95-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hexadecyl-ω-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O - I_n$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>15</sub> - Me

L117 ANSWER 7 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:904090 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:235474

TITLE: Cosmetic and pharmaceutical foam with solid particles

such as oxides for topical administration

INVENTOR(S): Tamarkin, Dov; Friedman, Doron; Eini, Meir; Besonov,

Alex

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Foamix Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 18 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
				•			
US 2005186147	A1	20050825	US 2005-50999		20050204		
AU 2005201455	A1	20050825	AU 2005-201455		20050204		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2004-541698P	P	20040204		

ED Entered STN: 26 Aug 2005

AB The invention relates to an alc.-free cosmetic or pharmaceutical foam carrier comprising about 2 to 30% by weight solid particles, about 2 to 75% by weight hydrophobic solvent, about 10 to 85% by weight water, about 0.1 to 5

by weight surface-active agent, about 0.1 to 5% by weight stabilizer/gelling agent and a liquefied or compressed gas propellant in a container, which upon release provides a breakable foam suitable for topical administration. For example, a wound healing foam was prepared containing mineral oil 12.5, colloidal silver 2.0, lidocaine 4.0, Arlacel 135 2.0, Avicel CL611 2.0, Tween 80 2.0, cocoamidopropylbetaine 1.0, D-Panthenol 50P 10.0, benzalkonium chloride 0.20 and water to 100%.

IT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs., N-coco acyl derivs.
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);

USES (Uses)

(Cocoamidopropylbetaine; cosmetic and pharmaceutical foam with solid particles such as oxides for topical administration)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{(CH}_2)_3}$$
  $^{+}_{\text{CH}_2}$   $^{+}_{\text{CH}_2}$   $^{-}_{\text{CO}_2}$ 

IT 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate 439612-67-6, Arlacel 135
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
 USES (Uses)

(cosmetic and pharmaceutical foam with solid particles such as oxides for topical administration)

RN 110-27-0 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 439612-67-6 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, homopolymer, ester with  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 25322-68-3

CMF (C2 H4 O)n H2 O

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 27924-99-8

CMF (C18 H36 O3)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 106-14-9 CMF C18 H36 O3

$$^{\rm OH}$$
  $^{\rm He-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>-CH- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H

L117 ANSWER 8 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:652290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:179197

Method and compositions for providing natural TITLE:

appearing hair color

INVENTOR(S): Narasimhan, Saroja; Vena, Lou Ann Christine

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2004154108	A1	20040812	US 2003-360699	20030206
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-360699	20030206

Entered STN: 13 Aug 2004 ED

A method for improving the dimensionality and fade resistance of AB oxidatively colored or lightened hair, a method for oxidatively coloring or lightening hair, a kit for use in practicing the method, and the related compns. are provided. A method for oxidatively coloring the hair comprising the steps of: (a) treating the hair with an oxidative dye composition comprising at least one dyestuff component and at least one oxidizing agent reactive with the dyestuff component to form color, for a period of time sufficient to color the hair, (b) removing the oxidative dye composition from the hair but leaving residual oxidizing agent or at least portion thereof, and (c) treating the hair with a post-treatment composition comprising at least one dyestuff component but being free of any oxidizing agent reactive with the dyestuff component to form color, whereby the dyestuff component in the post-treatment composition reacts with any residual oxidizing agent present on the hair to form color. The dyestuff component in the oxidative dye composition comprises at least one primary intermediate and, optionally, at least one coupler for the formation of oxidation dyes. The post-treatment composition comprises about 0.01 to 99.9% water and about 0.01 to 99.9% dyestuff component. For example, an oxidative hair dye composition for dark blonde hair contained erythrobic acid 0.20%, sodium sulfite 0.50%, ethoxydiglycol 5.00%, tetrasodium EDTA 0.80%, ethanolamine 3.00%, botanical extract 0.80%, sodium benzotriazolyl butylphenolsulfonate (UV absorber) 0.50%, dark blonde dyestuff components 1.746%, ammonium lauryl sulfate (28% aqueous solution) 2.00%, oleic acid 12.50%, cetearyl alc. 4.00%, emulsifying wax 2.00%, Oleth-20 1.00%, Steareth-21 0.70%, meadowfoam seed oil 0.75%, oleyl alc. 0.40%, Polyquaternium 10 0.20%, Polyquaternium 28 0.50%, mica/titanium dioxide (67:33) 0.30%, hydrolyzed wheat protein 0.50%, fragrance 1.25%, ammonium hydroxide (27.5%) 9.00%, and water to 100%. The composition was stored in

tubes of laminated plastic and metal.

TT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Cocoamidopropylbetaine; kits containing compns. for providing natural appearing hair color)

36574-66-0 CAPLUS RN

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N, N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{(CH}_2)_3-\text{N}^+-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2}^{\text{He}}$$

IT 112-80-1, Oleic acid, biological studies 9004-98-2,
 Oleth-20 9005-00-9, Steareth-21 24938-91-8,
 Trideceth-12 102516-09-6D, polymers with acrylates
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (kits containing compns. for providing natural appearing hair color)
RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS
CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $CH_2)_8 - CH = CH - (CH_2)_7 - Me$ 

RN 9005-00-9 CAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -octadecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(CH_2)_{17} - Me$ 

RN 24938-91-8 CAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -tridecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $(CH_2)_{12} - Me$ 

RN 102516-09-6 CAPLUS CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -octadecyl- $\omega$ -(2-propenyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 9 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:490268 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:42568

TITLE: Process for manufacture of personal care products

utilizing a concentrate water phase

INVENTOR(S): Divone, Peter Anthony; Biercevicz, Walter Anthony;

Regan, Joseph James; Bridges, Christy Ann; Priest,

Kimberly Ann

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever Home & Personal Care USA, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						0021216 0031103 0031103 CH, CN, GD, GE, LC, LK,			
US	2004	1152	30		A1	•	2004	0617	-	US 2	002-3	3200	29		20	0021	216		
CA	2507	006			AA	AA 20040701				CA 2	003-2	2507	006		20	0031	103		
WO	2004	0546	95		A1		2004	0701	,	WO 2	003-1	EP12	419		20	0031	103		
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,		
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,		
		GH,	GM,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,		
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,		
		OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM,		
							ŪG,												
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,		
		KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,		
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,		
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
AU	2003	2833	66		A1		2004	0709		AU 2	003-	2833	66		2	0031	103		
EP	1575	695			A1		2005	0921		EP 2	003-	7753	13		2	0031103 0031103			
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK			
CN	1726	075			Α		2006	0125		CN 2	003-	8010	6236		2	0031	103		
JP	JP 2006509623				T2				3 JP 2004-559679						2	0031	103		
PRIORIT	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									US 2	002-	3200	29		A 2	0021	216		
										WO 2	003-1	EP12	419	1	W 2	0031	103		

ED Entered STN: 17 Jun 2004

AB A process which may be continuous is provided for manufacture of personal care product compns. The process involves feeding a first water phase which is a concentrate containing most if not all water soluble ingredients of the composition into a

blending tube. A second phase which can be oily or aqueous and a third water phase, the latter being essentially pure water, are also fed into the blending tube. All of the phases are transported through the tube at a flow rate of about 5 to about 5000 lb/min and at a pressure of about 10 to about 5000 psi. Preferably the tube leads into a homogenizer such as a sonolator. For example, a pair of skin lotions were prepared to reflect a 2x and a 10x level of concentrate Both concs. with the appropriate amount of added water will attain the resultant composition comprising (i) an oil phase containing stearic acid 2.0217%, glycol stearate/stearamide AMP 1.1939%,

glycerol monostearate 0.5572%, cetyl alc. 0.3184%, petrolatum 0.5%, mineral oil 1.4%, and dimethicone 0.3%, and (ii) an aqueous phase containing water

79.4078%, tetrasodium EDTA 0.1017%, magnesium aluminum silicate 0.2%, glycerin 3.5%, methylparaben 0.1425%, titanium dioxide (water dispersible) 0.1%, Carbopol 934 (2% active in water) 9%, triethanolamine 0.7568%, Aloe vera gel 0.09%, DMDM hydantoin 0.25%, and fragrance 0.16%.

IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 36574-66-0D,

N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(process for manufacture of liquid personal care products utilizing concentrate

water phase)

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$ 

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 10 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:392051 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:380295

TITLE: Liquid cleansing composition having simultaneous

exfoliating and moisturizing properties.

INVENTOR(S): Massaro, Michael; Goldberg, Jessica Weiss;

Subramanyan, Krishna Kumar; Johnson, Anthony William;

Slavtcheff, Craig Stephen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever Home and Personal Care USA, Division of

Conopco, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DA	APPI	ICATION NO.	DATE		
US 2004091446	A1 20	:0040513 US 2	2002-290609	20021108		
US 6924256	B2 20	0050802				
CA 2504156	AA 20	0040521 CA 2	2003-2504156	20031022		
WO 2004041218	A1 20	0040521 WO 2	2003-EP11812	20031022		
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, A	AU, AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BY, BZ,	CA, CH, CN,		
CO, CR, CU,	CZ, DE, I	DK, DM, DZ, EC,	EE, EG, ES, FI,	GB, GD, GE,		
GH, GM, HR,	HU, ID, 1	IL, IN, IS, JP,	KE, KG, KP, KR,	KŻ, LC, LK,		
LR, LS, LT,	LU, LV, N	MA, MD, MG, MK,	MN, MW, MX, MZ,	NI, NO, NZ,		

OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG 20040607 AU 2003-278135 AU 2003278135 A1 20031022 EP 1567114 20050831 EP 2003-769449 20031022 Α1 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK JP 2004-548771 20060413 20031022 JP 2006512309 T2 US 2005170979 20050804 US 2005-91636 20050328 A1 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-290609 20021108 WO 2003-EP11812 20031022

ED Entered STN: 14 May 2004

AB Liquid lamellar cleansing compns. are described that contain synthetic surfactants, hydrophilic emollients and exfoliant particles where 80% or more of the particles have a major axis length of between 100 and 1000 μm. The combination of the mild surfactants, moisturizers, and exfoliants, provides the user with simultaneous moisturization and exfoliation in a convenient liquid cleansing product. A skin cleanser contained sunflower seed oil 16, silica particles 2, synthetic wax beads 0.5, Na laureth sulfate 12.3, cocoamidopropylbetaine 5.7, lauric acid 2.9, PEG-30 dipolyhydroxystearate 0.25, guar hydroxypropyltrimonium chloride 0.7, petrolatum 3.7, glycerin 5.7, preservatives 1, titania 0.05, and water balance to 100 %.

IT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cocoamidopropylbetaine; liquid cleansers containing surfactants and lamellar

structurants and emollients and exfoliant particles)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm Me}_{\rm H_2N-~(CH_2)_3-N^+-CH_2-CO_2-}_{\rm Me}$$

IT 30399-84-9, Isostearic acid 439612-67-6, Polyethylene glycol dipolyhydroxystearate

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(liquid cleansers containing surfactants and lamellar structurants and emollients and exfoliant particles)

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 439612-67-6 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, homopolymer, ester with  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (2:1) (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

1

CRN 25322-68-3

(C2 H4 O)n H2 O CMF

CCI PMS

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
 H

CM 2

CRN 27924-99-8

(C18 H36 O3)x CMF

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 106-14-9 CMF C18 H36 O3

OH  $Me^-(CH_2)_5-CH^-(CH_2)_{10}-CO_2H$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 20 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 11 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:435212 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:3248

TITLE:

Betaines as adjuvants to susceptibility testing and

antimicrobial therapy

INVENTOR(S):

Thornton, Charles G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Integrated Research Technology, LLC, USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 103 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

6,406,880.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
							-									_		
US 2003104513					A1		20030605 US 2002-125647						2	20020419				
US 7067500					B2		20060627											
	WO	9850	576			A1		1998	1112	1	WO 1	998-T	US87	60		1	9980!	501
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GW,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
			ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
			NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
			UA.	UG.	US.	UZ.	VN.	YU.	ZW									

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,

CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

19991029 P 19970502 A1 19980501 US 6406880 B1 20020618 US 1999-429614 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-45512P WO 1998-US8760 US 1999-429614 A2 19991029

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:3248

Entered STN: 06 Jun 2003 ED

The present invention is related to methods and compns. for susceptibility AΒ testing of bacteria containing mycolic acid structures using betaine-like detergents, and inducing the susceptibility of such bacteria using the

6179-44-8 36574-66-0D, N-(C8-22)-acyl derivs. IT

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (betaines as adjuvants to susceptibility testing and antimicrobial therapy)

6179-44-8 CAPLUS RN

1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N, N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)amino]-CN , inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN36574-66-0 CAPLUS

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm Me}_{\rm H_2N^-}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)  $_3-^{\rm N^+}_{\rm N^-}$  CH<sub>2</sub>- CO<sub>2</sub>-  $_{\rm Me}^{\rm Me}$ 

57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies TT

57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, biological studies 9004-95-9

, Brij 56 9004-98-2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (screening of, for microbial growth suppression; betaines as adjuvants to susceptibility testing and antimicrobial therapy)

57-10-3 CAPLUS RN

Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

57-11-4 CAPLUS RN

Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$ 

RN 9004-95-9 CAPLUS

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hexadecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA CN

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $(CH_2)_{15} - Me$ 

9004-98-2 CAPLUS RN

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-CN(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $CH_2 - CH_2 -$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 12 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:809312 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:311935

TITLE:

Cosmetic base compositions and cosmetic products

containing biodegradable quaternary ammonium salts Yajima, Toshio; Ogawa, Kenji; Wakui, Kazuo; Koyama,

Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Lion Corp., Japan; Lion Akzo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003292412	A2	20031015	JP 2002-102476	20020404
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-102476	20020404
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	139:311935		

Entered STN: 15 Oct 2003 ED

Cosmetic base compns. contain R1CONHR2N+(R3)2R4 X- (R1 = C13-25 linear or branched alkyl, alkenyl; R2 = C1-5 linear or branched alkylene; R3, R4 = C1-3 alkyl, hydroxyalkyl; X- = anion) 30-70, C14-24 aliphatic monohydric alcs. 15-69, and C1-3 aliphatic monohydric alcs. ≤15 weight%. Stearic acid dimethylaminopropylamide (300 g) was quaternized with 43 g MeCl in a mixture containing cetostearyl alc. (cetyl alc./stearyl alc. = 1/1) 121, EtOH 24, and NaHCO3 3 g at 90-110° for 3 h, the reaction mixture was poured on a plate, and solidified at room temperature to give a flaky cosmetic base composition with good handling properties, containing stearamidopropyltrimethylammonium chloride 70, cetostearyl alc. 25, and EtOH 5 weight%. No thickening or bubbling of the reaction mixture was observed during the quaternization reaction. A hair conditioner containing 1.4 weight%

the base composition, higher alcs., polyols, silicones, etc., showed good hair-moisturizing effect.

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 57-11-4, Stearic acid, reactions 109-55-7 112-39-0, Methyl palmitate 112-61-8, Methyl stearate 112-85-6, Behenic acid RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of cosmetic base compns. containing biodegradable quaternary ammonium salts and aliphatic alcs. with good handling properties)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$ 

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 112-39-0 CAPLUS CN Hexadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$  MeO-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 112-61-8 CAPLUS CN Octadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 || MeO-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{20}^-Me$ 

 ammonium salts and aliphatic alcs. with good handling properties)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

$$^{\circ}$$
  $\parallel$   $^{\circ}$   $\parallel$   $^{\circ}$   $^{\circ}$ 

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{14}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_{14}$$

RN 60270-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$O$$
 $\parallel$ 
 $Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{20}-Me$ 

L117 ANSWER 13 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:559957 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:119050

TITLE: Liquid laundry detergents having softening effect INVENTOR(S): Isada, Junko; Toda, Masayuki; Kikukawa, Masazumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1,

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	<b>-</b>					
JP 2003206500	A2	20030722	JP 2002-6668	20020115		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-6668	20020115		

ED Entered STN: 22 Jul 2003

AB Liquid laundry detergents contain nonionic surfactants (a) 10-50, long-chain amines (b) 0.5-5, and di-long-chain alkyl-type cationic surfactants (c) 0.1-5% at b/c molar ratios of 0.5-30. A liquid detergent (pH 7) containing ethoxylated Diadol alc. (ethoxylated tridecyl alc.) 45, C15H31CONH(CH2)3NMe2 1, AQ-210 (didecyldimethylammonium chloride) 0.3, EtOH 7, p-toluenesulfonic acid 5, Na benzoate 0.5, tri-Na citrate 0.2, dibutylhydroxytoluene 0.03, a perfume composition 0.2, Kathon CG (isothiazolone solution) 0.01, Acid Yellow 203 0.0001, H2SO4 or NaOH, and H2O to 100% showed high detergency, fabric-softening effect, and no precipitation or separation after 1-mo

storage at 5° and did not cause yellowing of a cotton fabric.

IT 109-28-4P, N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]oleamide 3179-80-4P

, N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]lauramide 7651-02-7P,

N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]stearamide 22890-10-4P,

N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]caprylamide 22890-11-5P,

N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]decanamide 39669-97-1P,

N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]palmitamide 60270-33-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (liquid laundry detergents having softening effect, containing nonionic surfactants, long-chain amines, and quaternary ammonium surfactants)

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH2)} 3} N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH2)} 7} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH2)} 7} Me$$

RN 3179-80-4 CAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_2 \text{N-- (CH}_2)_3 - \text{NH--C-- (CH}_2)_{10} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_{2}\text{N-(CH}_{2})_{3} - \text{NH-C-(CH}_{2})_{16} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 22890-10-4 CAPLUS

CN Octanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm Me}_{2}$ N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-Me

RN 22890-11-5 CAPLUS

CN Decanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || Me<sub>2</sub>N-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>-Me

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_2 \text{N-} \text{(CH}_2)_3 - \text{NH-C-(CH}_2)_{14} - \text{Me} \end{array}$ 

RN 60270-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || Me<sub>2</sub>N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>20</sub>-Me

IT 109-55-7D, amides with C16-18 fatty acids

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(liquid laundry detergents having softening effect, containing nonionic surfactants, long-chain amines, and quaternary ammonium surfactants)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 57-11-4,

Stearic acid, reactions 109-55-7 112-80-1,

Oleic acid, reactions 112-85-6, Behenic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(liquid laundry detergents having softening effect, containing nonionic surfactants, long-chain amines, and quaternary ammonium surfactants)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N^-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS

CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{20}^-Me$$

IT 9002-92-0, Polyethylene glycol dodecyl ether 9043-30-5,
Lutensol TO 10 24938-91-8, Polyethylene glycol tridecyl ether
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (liquid laundry detergents having softening effect, containing nonionic surfactants, long-chain amines, and quaternary ammonium surfactants)

RN 9002-92-0 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -dodecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $(CH_2)_{11} - Me$ 

RN 9043-30-5 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-isotridecyl-ω-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
 (C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>-iso)

RN 24938-91-8 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -tridecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O - I_n$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub> - Me

L117 ANSWER 14 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:559101 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:119049

TITLE:

Discoloration-preventive liquid detergent compositions

for fabric articles

INVENTOR(S):

Toda, Masayuki; Isada, Junko; Kikukawa, Masazumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATÉ	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003206495	A2	20030722	JP 2002-6669	20020115
JP 3611034	B2	20050119		
DDIODIEU ADDIN INDO			TD 2002 CCC0	20020115

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2002-6669 20020115

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 139:119049

ED Entered STN: 22 Jul 2003

AB The compns. for garments, etc., comprise (a) nonionic surfactants 10-50, (b) R1NR2R3A [R1, R2 = C1-4 linear or branched (hydroxy)alkyl; R3 = C1-4 linear or branched alkylene; A = NHCOR4, O2CR5; R4, R5 = C11-23 linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl] 0.1-10, and (c) C4-10 aromatic sulfonic acids or their salts 0.5-20%. Thus, an aqueous composition C13H27O(EO)15H (EO = ethylene

oxide), C15H31CONH(CH2)3NMe2, p-toluenesulfonic acid, and additives showed good detergency and storage stability.

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 109-55-7
112-39-0, Methyl palmitate 112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions 112-85-6, Behenic acid
544-63-8, Myristic acid, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(amine preparation from; discoloration-preventive liquid detergent compns. containing nonionic surfactants, amines, and sulfonates for fabric articles)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{14}^-Me$ 

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 112-39-0 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 || MeO-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7 Z (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS

CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 ${\rm HO_2C^-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>20</sub>-Me

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>-Me

IT 109-28-4P 3179-80-4P 7651-02-7P 39669-97-1P 45267-19-4P 60270-33-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(discoloration-preventive liquid detergent compns. containing nonionic surfactants, amines, and sulfonates for fabric articles)

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 3179-80-4 CAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm Me}_{2}$ N $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{3}$  $^{-}$ NH $^{-}$ C $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{16}$  $^{-}$ Me

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 45267-19-4 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_{12}-$$

RN 60270-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm Me}_{2}$ N $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{3}$  $^{-}$ NH $^{-}$ C $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{20}$  $^{-}$ Me

IT 9002-92-0, Polyethylene glycol dodecyl ether 9043-30-5,

Lutensol TO 10 24938-91-8, Polyethylene glycol tridecyl ether

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(nonionic surfactant; discoloration-preventive liquid detergent compns. containing nonionic surfactants, amines, and sulfonates for fabric articles)

RN 9002-92-0 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -dodecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2$$
  $CH_2$   $O$   $n$   $(CH_2)_{11}$   $Me$ 

RN 9043-30-5 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -isotridecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(C_{13}H_{27} - iso)$ 

RN 24938-91-8 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-tridecyl-ω-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(CH_2)_{12} - Me$ 

L117 ANSWER 15 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:412032 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:8465

TITLE: Softening agent compositions imparting wrinkle

prevention effect on clothing

INVENTOR(S): Hayashi, Hiromitsu; Ushio, Noriaki; Tagata, Shuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003155667	A2	20030530	JP 2001-355902	20011121
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-355902	20011121

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:8465

ED Entered STN: 30 May 2003

AB The compns. contain (A) compds. bearing amino groups and/or quaternary ammonium groups and one C8-36 hydrocarbyl group, (B) nonionic surfactants bearing C16-36 hydrocarbyl group and SO3M and/or OSO3M (M = counter ion), and (C) silicones at A/B molar ratio of 9/1-4/6. Thus, a cotton shirt washed with a weakly-basic detergent and rinsed with a composition containing

parts mixture of N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) palmitamide and N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl) stearamide, 6 parts sodium stearylsulfonate, and 2 parts Me3OSi(SiMe2O)300[SiMe[(CH2)3NHCOCH2O(CH2O)5C12H25]0]m[SiMe[(CH2)3NH2]0]n[SiMe[(CH2)3O(C2H4O)10Me]0]4SiMe3 (m + n = 7), giving soft touch and smooth feel.

TT 7651-02-7P, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl) stearamide
39669-97-1P, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl) palmitamide
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);
USES (Uses)

(softening agent compns. imparting wrinkle prevention effect on clothing)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 57-11-4,
 Stearic acid, reactions 109-28-4, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)
 oleamide 109-55-7, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine
 112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (softening agent compns. imparting wrinkle prevention effect on clothing)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

2:

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$$

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_{2}N \xrightarrow{(CH_{2})_{3}} N \xrightarrow{N} (CH_{2})_{7} Z \xrightarrow{(CH_{2})_{7}} Me$$

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - NMe_2$$

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L117 ANSWER 16 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:196409 CAPLUS

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 2-2518

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:226378

TITLE: Storage-stable milky cosmetics containing surfactants

and polymers

INVENTOR(S): Iwamoto, Tsutomu; Watanabe, Koichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp., Japan; Saiden Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003073221	A2	20030312	JP 2001-264033	20010831
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-264033	20010831

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2003

AB The cosmetics contain (a) H2O, (b) anionic surfactants, cationic surfactants, nonionic surfactants, amphoteric surfactants, semipolar surfactants, and/or polymers, and (c) milky agents comprising aqueous polymer dispersions (average particle size 0.1-0.3 µm) prepared by emulsion polymerization

of styrene-based monomer mixts. in aqueous solns. containing water-soluble or -dispersible copolymers having hydrophobic groups and carboxyl groups and alkyl ether-type nonionic surfactants (number of oxyalkylene units 20-150). Styrene (98 weight parts) was copolymd. with 2 weight parts acrylamide in an aqueous

solution containing SMA 1000A (styrene-maleic anhydride copolymer), NH4OH, Leocol

TDA 400-75 (polyoxyethylene alkyl ether-type nonionic surfactant), and (NH4)2S208 to give a milky agent (average particle size 0.18 µm). A cosmetic containing K laurate 9.0, K myristate 9.0, K oleate 1.0, Obazoline LB-SF (betaine lauryldimethylaminoacetate) 3.0, Emalex 703 (polyoxyethylene lauryl ether) 1.0, Leoal MS 100 (alkyl acrylate copolymer) 0.3, the milky agent 0.5 weight%, etc., showed good appearance and no precipitation of styrene copolymer particles after 3-mo storage at 50° or after freezing-thawing cycles.

IT 9004-95-9, Polyoxyethylene cetyl ether

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Emalex 116, Emalex 102, Emalex 130; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 9004-95-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hexadecyl-ω-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(CH_2)_{15} - Me$ 

IT 9005-00-9, Polyoxyethylene stearyl ether

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Emalex 608, Emalex 603, Emalex 640; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 9005-00-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -octadecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O - I_n$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>17</sub> - Me

IT 9002-92-0, Polyoxyethylene lauryl ether

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Emalex 703; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 9002-92-0 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -dodecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(CH_2)_{11} - Me$ 

IT 8007-43-0, Sorbitan sesquioleate

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (Emalex SPO 150; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 8007-43-0 CAPLUS

CN Sorbitan, (9Z)-9-octadecenoate (2:3) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 112-80-1 CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Z$  (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Me$ 

CM 2

CRN 12441-09-7 CMF C6 H12 O5

CCI IDS

CM 3

CRN 50-70-4 CMF C6 H14 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 24938-91-8, Leocol TD 700F

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Leocol TD 700F, for emulsion polymerization and dispersion stability; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 24938-91-8 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -tridecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2-CH_2-O$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$ 

IT 9043-30-5, Polyethylene glycol isotridecyl ether

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Other use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Leocol TDA 400-75, for emulsion polymerization and dispersion stability; milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and

emulsion-polymerized

styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 9043-30-5 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -isotridecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2-CH_2-O$$
 (C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>27</sub>-iso)

IT 4292-10-8, Enagicol L 30B 7651-02-7, Catinal MPAS

9004-98-2, Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether 32128-65-7,

Emalex OD 5 676168-27-7, Aculyn 22

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (milky cosmetics containing surfactants and/or polymers and emulsion-polymerized styrene polymer particles with good dispersion stability)

RN 4292-10-8 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxododecyl)amino]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CF INDEX NAME)

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $(CH_2)_8 - CH = CH - (CH_2)_7 - Me$ 

RN 32128-65-7 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(2-octyldodecyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CH_2$$
  $O-CH_2-CH_2$   $O-CH_2$   $O-$ 

RN 676168-27-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate and  $\alpha$ -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- $\omega$ -(octadecyloxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 52352-43-9

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C22 H42 O2

CCI . PMS

CM 2

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 3

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

INVENTOR(S):

L117 ANSWER 17 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:31216 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:90707

TITLE: Skin conditioning compositions containing compounds

for mimicking the effect of retinoic acid on skin Granger, Stewart Paton; Scott, Ian Richard; Donovan, Robert Mark; Iobst-Teklits, Susanne; Licameli, Lisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever NV; Hindustan Lever Limited

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 74 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.						)	DATE APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
						A2 20020110 A3 20030612				1	WO 2	001-	EP72	34		20010625			
				. –					AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
					-			•	DM,		-								
			•						IS,		-								
									MG,										
									SK,										
			UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW												
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	
									BE,										
			IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	
			GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG										
	CA	2412	788			AA		2002	0110	(	CA 2	001-	2412	788		2	0010	625	
	AU	2001	0796	87		A5	A5 20020114				AU 2001-79687					2	20010625		
	ΕP	1333	800			A2		2003	0813	:	EP 2	001-	9578	86		20010625			
		R:	AT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR							
	BR	2001	0121	42		Α		2003	1007		BR 2	001-	1214	2		2	0010	625	
	JP	2004	5019	52		T2		2004	0122	,	JP 2	002-	5066	96		2	0010	625	
	CN 1662216				Α		2005	0831		CN 2	001-	8148	60		2	0010	625		
	ZA 2002010288					Α		2003	1219		ZA 2	002-	1028	8		2	0021	219	
	US 2004043044							2004	0304	1	US 2	003-	3126	59		2	0030	811	
PRIOF	RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				.:					1	US 2	000-	2153	01P	:	P 2	0000	630	
										1	WO 2	001-	EP72	34	1	₩ 2	0010	625	

ED Entered STN: 11 Jan 2002

A skin care product comprising about 0.001-10% of a retinoid, in AB combination with at least two retinoid boosters (0.0001-50%). Retinoid boosters are selected from fatty acid amides, carotenoids, flavonoids, non-cyclic fragrance compds., phospholipid analogs, ureas, phosphatidylcholines, phosphatidylethanolamines, sphingomyelins, fatty acids, linseed oil, elaidic acid, bifonazole, climbazole, clotrimazole, econazole, quercetin, coumarin, quinolines, isoquinolines, etc. A composition according to the invention is intended primarily as a product for topical application to human skin, especially as an agent for conditioning and smoothening the skin, and preventing or reducing the appearance of wrinkled or aged skin. In use, a small quantity of the composition is applied to exposed areas of the skin, from a suitable container or applicator and, if necessary, it is then spread over and/or rubbed into the skin using the hand or fingers or a suitable device. For example, a synergistic inhibition of transglutaminase, as a marker of skin differentiation, was observed by retinol with various quaternary combinations of retinoid boosters, e.g., acetyl sphingosine, phosphatidylcholine, linoleic acid, and climbazole.

IT 60-33-3, Linoleic Acid, biological studies
 112-79-8, Elaidic acid 463-40-1, Linolenic
 Acid 506-32-1, Arachidonic acid 544-63-8,
 Myristic Acid, biological studies 30399-84-9, Isostearic
 acid 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs. 81613-56-1
 RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (skin conditioning compns. containing retinoids and compds. mimicking effect of retinoic acid)

RN 60-33-3 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (9Z,12Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
  $(CH_2)_7$   $Z$   $Z$   $(CH_2)_4$   $Me$ 

RN 112-79-8 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid, (9E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

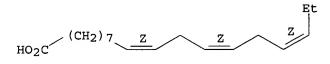
Double bond geometry as shown.

$$_{\text{HO}_2\text{C}}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)  $_7$  E (CH<sub>2</sub>)  $_7$  Me

RN 463-40-1 CAPLUS

CN 9,12,15-Octadecatrienoic acid, (9Z,12Z,15Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 506-32-1 CAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
  $(CH_2)_3$   $Z$   $Z$   $Z$   $Z$   $(CH_2)_4$   $Me$ 

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>-Me

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

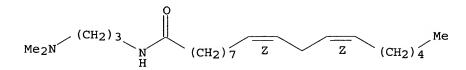
RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 81613-56-1 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L117 ANSWER 18 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:901279 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:5881

TITLE: Softener for fabric with good feel and deodorant

effect

INVENTOR(S): Ushio, Noriaki; Hayashi, Hiromitsu; Tagata, Shuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002339249	A2	20021127	JP 2001-141362	20010511
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-141362	20010511

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 138:5881

ED Entered STN: 27 Nov 2002

AB The softener comprises (a) compds. having amino group or quaternary ammonium group and C13-36 hydrocarbyl, (b) anionic surfactants with C16-36 hydrocarbyl and SO3M and/or OSO3M group (M = counter ion), and (c) antibacterial agents, with (a)/(b) mol ratio 9/1-4/6. A softener contained (2-hydroxyethyl)dimethylamine mixed ester (I) with palmitic acid and stearic acid 16, I-MeCl quaternized salt 1, stearylsulfate Na salt 4, (cocoalkyl)benzyldimethylammonium chloride 2, stearic 0.1, polyoxyethylene alkyl ether 3, NaCl 0.02, ethylene glycol 2, Excel 150 0.1, silicone (TSF 4452) 0.5, Acid Blue 9 0.0003, perfumes 0.5, and water to 100%.

57-10-3DP, Palmitic acid, mixed esters or amides
57-11-4DP, Stearic acid, mixed esters or amides 109-28-4P
109-55-7DP, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine, mixed stearic
palmitic amides

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(softener composition for fabric with good feel and deodorant effect)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>  $N$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>  $Z$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub> Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

L117 ANSWER 19 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:944531 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:14862

TITLE: Softener composition

INVENTOR(S): Ushio, Noriaki; Yamamoto, Atsushi; Taqata, Shuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corporation, Japan SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND		DATE			PPI	LICAT	DATE									
	EP 1264874				A1 20023			1211	EP 2002-12375							20020606						
	ΕP	1264	874			B1	B1 20050302															
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	PT,				
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR										
	US	2003	0603	89		A1		2003	0327	τ	is 2	2002-	1628	77			20020	606				
	US	6838	427			В2		2005	0104													
	ES	2234	949			Т3		2005	0701	E	S 2	2002-	2012	375			20020	606				
	JP	2003	1556	68		A2		2003	0530	ت	P 2	2002-	1671	84			20020	0607				
	US	2005	09042	23		A1		2005	0428	τ	IS 2	2004-	9952	97			20041	L124				
PRIOR	ITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					ت	P 2	2001-	1740	57		Α	20010	608				
										ت	P 2	2001-	2715	94		Α	20010	907				
										τ	is 2	2002-	1628	77		<b>A</b> 3	20020	0606				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:14862

ED Entered STN: 13 Dec 2002

AB A softener composition comprises (a) 3-40% compound R1(AR2)aNR3R4 or R5(BR6)bN+R7R8R9Y-, (b) 1-20% compound R10(DR11)cN(R14)(ER13)dR12 or R19R20N+(FR16)eR15(GR18)fR17 and (c) 0.5-30% specific anionic surfactant, where the mole ratio between the component (a), the component (b) and the component (c) satisfies the following relation: [(a) + (b)]/(c) = 9/1 to 4/6; and where R1 and R5 = C13-36 alkyl; R10, R12, R15 and R17 = C8-36 alkyl; R2, R6, R11, R13, R16 and R18 = C1-6 alkylene; R3, R4, R7, R8, R9, R14, R19 and R20 = C1-3 alkyl; A, B, D, E, F and G = COO, CONH; a-f = 0 or 1; and Y- and Z- = anionic group. An example softener contained 50/50 mixture of palmitic acid/stearic acid esters with

N-hydroxyethyl-N,N-dimethylamine (preparation given) 16,

N, N-distearoyloxyethyl-

N-methylamine (preparation given) 3, sodium stearyl sulfate 4, stearic acid 0.3, ethoxylated alc. 3, NaCl 0.02, EtOH 1, Exel 150 0.1, silicone 0.5, Acid Blue 9 0.0003, perfume 0.5 parts and the balance water.

IT 109-28-4P 7651-02-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(mixture with anionic surfactant for fabric softeners)

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_{2}N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{3}} N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{7}} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{7}} Me$$

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 57-11-4, Stearic acid, reactions 109-55-7, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-

propanediamine 112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(mixture with anionic surfactant for fabric softeners)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\rm HO_2C^-}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$$

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$_{\mathrm{HO_{2}C}}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)  $_{\mathrm{7}}$   $_{\mathrm{Me}}$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 20 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:792147 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:296168

TITLE: Fabric softener composition containing amino compounds and anionic surfactants

INVENTOR(S): Ushio, Noriaki; Yamamoto, Atsushi; Tagata, Shuji; Oqura, Nobuyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kao Corporation, Japan SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.							DATE			
EP	1249	488			A1	2	2002	1016	EP	20	02-8	103				20020	410			
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, G	R,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SI	E, MC,	PT,			
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY, A	L,	TR									
JP	2002	3714	68		A2	2	2002	1226	JP	20	01-2	3637	77			20010	803			
JP	3676	269			B2	2	20050	727												
JP	2002	3714	69		A2	2	2002	1226	JP	20	01-2	3631	78			20010	803			
JP	3676	270			B2	2	2005	0727												
US	2002	1981	29		<b>A</b> 1	2	2002	1226	US	20	02-1	1494	19			20020	404			
US	6770	617			B2	2	2004	0803												
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					JP	20	01-1	1269	92		Α	20010	411			
									JP	20	01-1	1269	93		Α	20010	411			
									JP	20	01-2	363	77		Α	20010	803			
									JP	20	01-2	363	78		Α	20010	803			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:296168

ED Entered STN: 18 Oct 2002

AB The title softener composition comprises  $(\alpha)$  an amino compound or a quaternary ammonium-having compound, (B) an anionic surfactant and water,  $(\alpha)$  and  $(\beta)$  being specified below as (I) or (II), at a mole ratio of  $(\alpha)/(\beta)$  ranging from 9/1 to 4/6, further comprising an organic solvent having a log P of 0.2 to 3.0 when  $(\alpha)$  and (β) are specified as (I): (I) (a) a compound having one group selected from an amino group and a quaternary ammonium group and one hydrocarbon group having 8 to 36 carbon atoms in its mol. and (b) an anionic surfactant having a hydrocarbon group having 14 to 36 hydrocarbons and a -SO3M group and/or a -OSO3M group, M being a counter ion, in its mol., or (II) (a") a compound having one group selected from an amino group and a quaternary ammonium group and one hydrocarbon group having 8 to 36 carbon atoms in its mol. and (b") an anionic surfactant having a hydrocarbon group having 8 to 36 carbon atoms and a -SO3M group and/or a -OSO3M group, M being a counter ion, in its mol. wherein at least one of (a") and (b") contains a hydrocarbon group selected from (1) a hydrocarbon group having one or more unsatd. bonds and 8 to 36 carbon atoms and (2) a branched alkyl group having 8 to 36 carbon atoms. A composition contained N-hydroxyethyl-N,N-dimethylamine palmitate stearate, Na stearyl sulfate, and solvents and additives.

## IT 109-28-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(fabric softener composition containing amino compds. and anionic surfactants)

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

Me<sub>2</sub>N 
$$(CH_2)_3$$
  $N$   $(CH_2)_7$   $Z$   $(CH_2)_7$  Me

57-10-3DP, Palmiticacid, amides with N,N-dimethyl-1,3propanediamine and stearic acid 57-11-4DP, Stearic acid, amides
with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and palmitic acid
109-55-7DP, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine, amides with stearic
acid and palmitic acid 7651-02-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(fabric softener composition containing amino compds. and anionic surfactants)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$ 

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_2 \text{N-- (CH}_2)_3 - \text{NH--C-- (CH}_2)_{16} - \text{Me} \end{array}$ 

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, reactions 57-11-4,
Stearic acid, reactions 109-55-7, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-

propanediamine 112-61-8, Methyl stearate 112-80-1,

Oleic acid, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(fabric softener composition containing amino compds. and anionic surfactants)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - NMe_2$ 

RN 112-61-8 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Z$  (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Me$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 21 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:434830 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:66028

TITLE: Preparation of stabilized antimicrobial systems

containing alcohol and metal oxides

INVENTOR(S): Jampani, Hanuman; Holly, Thomas F.; Newman, Jerry L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ethicon, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIN	D	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT	DATE					
				-												
WO 2001	0417	27		<b>A1</b>		2001	0614	1	WO 2	000-1	JS34	800		2	0001	213
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,

LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2362613 AA20010614 CA 2000-2362613 20001213 EP 1152741 Α1 20011114 EP 2000-984412 20001213 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, MC, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO JP 2003516338 T2 20030513 JP 2001-542895 20001213 AU 784586 B2 20060504 AU 2001-21034 20001213 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-460012 19991213 WO 2000-US34008 20001213

ED Entered STN: 15 Jun 2001

AB The present invention relates to high alc.-containing antimicrobial compns. with improved stability of appearance and with methods of producing the same. An antimicrobial composition comprises at least .apprx.50% volume/volume alc., an effective amount of a hydrophilic oil, an effective amount of a cationic antimicrobial compound, and an effective amount of a metal oxide, e.q., titanium dioxide and zinc oxide. The composition further comprises effective amts. of humectants, phospholipids, and surfactants. A cationic antimicrobial compds. are selected from the group consisting of benzalkonium chloride, Me benzethonium chloride, benzethonium chloride, cetrimonium chloride, cetylpyridium chloride, polyhexamethylene biguanide, and chlorhexidine gluconate. For example, an antimicrobial gel was prepared containing (by weight%) water 26.24, EtOH 21.90, PrOH 26.8, glycerol 5.0, propylene glycol 5.0, Plantaren 2000 3.60, Mackam CBS-50G 2.40, benzethonium chloride 1.0, Phospholipid CDM 1.50, PPG-40 diethylmonium chloride (Emcol CC-42) 1.20, hydroxypropyl cellulose 1.10, phenoxyethanol 1.00, glyceryl laurate 1.00, cetrimonium chloride (Varisoft 300) 0.86, isolene 0.50, Lambent Quat AD 0.50, fragrance 0.15, cetylpyridinium 0.10, ZnO 0.10, and Silsoft PEDM 0.05.

IT 110-27-0, Isopropyl myristate 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl
derivs.

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of alc.-containing antimicrobial compns. containing metal oxides as

stabilizing agents)

RN 110-27-0 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{|_{1}}$$
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{1}$ 
 $_{2}$ 
 $_{3}$ 
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 $_{4}$ 
 $_{5}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
 $_{7}$ 
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 $_{7}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{8}$ 
 $_{8}$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 22 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:666676 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:231512

TITLE: Hair treatment composition containing quaternary

ammonium salts

INVENTOR(S): Oota, Atsushi; Wakahara, Yoshiyuki; Sato, Shin; Kasai,

Masahiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Chemical Industries Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 20 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6287547	B1	20010911	US 1999-417010	19991012
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-417010	19991012

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:231512

ED Entered STN: 12 Sep 2001

GΙ

2 to

AB A hair treatment composition which comprises an aqueous solution or an aqueous dispersion

of at least one quaternary ammonium salt (A) represented by the general formula (I), (II) or (III): wherein Ra represents an organic group containing 6 to 32 carbon atoms, Rb and Rc are the same or different and each represents an organic group containing 1 to 32 carbon atoms, Rd represents an organic group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms, and Q- represents an ammonia acid anion; wherein X1 represents an ester group; R5 represents an alkyl, alkenyl or hydroxyalkyl group and R6 represents an alkylene, alkenylene or hydroxyalkylene group, the sum of carbon atoms contained in R5 and R6 being 6 to 32, R7 and R8 are the same or different and each represents a group of the formula R5-X1-R6-, an alkyl group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms. R9 represents an alkyl group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group containing

4 carbon atoms, and Q- represents an amino acid anion; wherein X2 represents an amide group, R13 represents an alkyl, alkenyl or hydroxyalkyl group and R14 represents an alkylene, alkenylene or

hydroxyalkylene group, the sum of carbon atoms contained in R13 and R14 being 6 to 32, R10 and R11 are the same or different and each represents a group of the formula R13-X2-R14-, a group of the formula R5.apprx.X1-R6-, an alkyl group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group containing 2

to 4 carbon atoms, X1 represents an ester group, R5 represents an alkyl, alkenyl or hydroxyalkyl group and R6 represents an alkylene, alkenylene or hydroxyalkylene group, the sum of carbon atoms contained in R5 and R6 being 6 to 32, R12 represents an alkyl group containing 1 to 4 carbon atoms or a hydroxyalkyl group containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms, and Q- represents an amino acid anion is provided. An agitating type autoclave was charged with 99 g of di-Me carbonate, 353 g of behenyldimethylamine and 170 g of methanol, and the reaction was allowed to proceed at a reaction temperature of 110 to 130° for 12 h with stirring. Then, 147 g of glutamic acid was charged and the salt exchange reaction was effected while allowing decarboxylation to proceed at a reaction temperature of 60 to 80°. Thereafter, 1,542 g of water was added and the methanol and unreacted di-Me carbonate were removed in a nitrogen atmospheric Adjustment of the pH

with citric acid gave the glutamic acid salt of a quaternary ammonium compound Formulation of a hair preparation containing above quaternary ammonium salt

was disclosed.

to 5

IT 7651-02-7P 60270-33-9P

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(hair treatment composition containing quaternary ammonium salts)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 60270-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_{2}\text{N-(CH}_{2})_{3} - \text{NH-C-(CH}_{2})_{20} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IT 57-11-4, Stearic acid, reactions 109-55-7

112-85-6, Behenic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hair treatment composition containing quaternary ammonium salts)

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS

CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{20}^-Me$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 23 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:312446 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:340845

TITLE: Silicone-modified phospholipid compositions

INVENTOR(S): Fost, Dennis L.; Berger, Abe
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mona Industries, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 13 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,405,983.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	PATENT NO.				KINI	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US	6225	489			B1	20010501	US 1994-358207	19941216
US	US 5405983			Α	19950411	US 1993-174934	19931228	
WO	9518	096			A1	19950706	WO 1994-US14953	19941222
	W:	CA,	JP					
	RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE
EP	7371	83			<b>A</b> 1	19961016	EP 1995-906133	19941222
ΕP	7371	83			В1	20010926		
	R:	CH,	DE,	ES,	FR,	GB, IT, LI,	NL, SE	
ES	2162	909			Т3	20020116	ES 1995-906133	19941222
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :			US 1993-174934	A2 19931228
							US 1994-265011	B2 19940623
							US 1994-358207	A 19941216
							WO 1994-US14953	W 19941222

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:340845

ED Entered STN: 02 May 2001

The compns. are prepared which are suitable for use in solvent or/and preferably aqueous based systems exhibiting excellent surface active properties including high foaming, are well tolerated by human tissue, and are substantive to the surface of natural and synthetic fiber, and the like. The compns. comprise a phospholipid bonded to a quaternized organo-silicone amidoamine moiety or a quaternized organo-silicone tertiary amine moiety. Thus, heating a mixture of a N,N-dimethylaminopropylamine-modified X 22-310 (carboxy-containing siloxane) 2.7, N,N-dimethylaminopropylamine-modified Hamposyl C (cocoyl sarcosine) 2.4, a 40% phosphate ester halide (derived from 3 mol epichlorohydrin and 1 mol 85% phosphoric acid) 3.12, and water 13 g at 90° for 3 h gave a product which formed a clear solution when added with water and foamed well.

IT 60-33-3DP, Linoleic acid, reaction products with dimethylaminopropylamine and siloxanes and phosphate ester 109-55-7DP, reaction products with siloxanes and phosphate esters 81613-56-1DP, N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)linoleamide, reaction

products with s'iloxane and phosphate ester

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(surface-active silicone-modified phospholipid compns. with good foaming properties)

RN 60-33-3 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienoic acid (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
  $(CH_2)_7$   $Z$   $Z$   $(CH_2)_4$   $Me$ 

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

RN 81613-56-1 CAPLUS

CN 9,12-Octadecadienamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z,12Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_3} N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_7} \overline{Z} \xrightarrow{Z} \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_4} Me$$

42

L117 ANSWER 24 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:578597 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:124156

TITLE: Bactericide combinations in detergents
INVENTOR(S): Elsmore, Richard; Houghton, Mark Phillip

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Robert McBride Ltd., UK SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2354771	A1	20010404	GB 1999-23253	19991001
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1999-23253	19991001

ED Entered STN: 10 Aug 2001

AB The detergent comprises a bactericide in combination with an anionic, cationic, nonionic or amphoteric surfactant which has a C12-18 alkyl group as the longest chain attached to the hydrophilic moiety. Creduret 50 (hydrogenated ethoxylated castor oil) 50, citric acid 12, formalin 10,

sodium alkyl benzene sulfonate (C12-20) alkyl 1, perfume white line 0.5, detergent enzyme savingase 0.2, and bactericide Pr 4-hydroxybenzoate 1.0 parts formed a detergent, showing reduction activity after contact 2. IT 57-10-3, Hexadecanoic acid, uses 110-27-0 111-61-5 112-39-0 112-61-8 112-80-1D , 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized, uses 544-63-8, Tetradecanoic acid, uses 9004-98-2 41096-46-2 60114-62-7D, 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., inner salts 65733-18-8 96565-37-6 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (bactericide combinations in detergents) 57-10-3 CAPLUS RN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN  $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me 110-27-0 CAPLUS RN Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN 0  $i-PrO-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me$ 111-61-5 CAPLUS RNOctadecanoic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN EtO-C- $(CH_2)_{16}$ -Me 112-39-0 CAPLUS RNHexadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN O  $MeO-C-(CH_2)_{14}-Me$ 112-61-8 CAPLUS RN Octadecanoic acid, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN 0  $MeO-C-(CH_2)_{16}-Me$ 112-80-1 CAPLUS RN

Double bond geometry as shown.

9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 2-2518

CN

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>  $Z$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{12}^-Me$ 

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O - I_n$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub> - CH = CH - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub> - Me

RN 41096-46-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Dodecadienoic acid, 3,7,11-trimethyl-, ethyl ester, (2E,4E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 60114-62-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm Me}_{\rm H_2N^-}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)  $_3-{\rm N}^+$  CH<sub>2</sub>- CO<sub>2</sub>H  $_{\rm Me}^{\rm Me}$ 

RN 65733-18-8 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Dodecadienoic acid, 3,7,11-trimethyl-, ethyl ester, (2E,4E,7S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Double bond geometry as shown.

RN96565-37-6 CAPLUS

1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N, N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxoundecyl)amino]-, CN inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 25 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:319587 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:331350

TITLE: Method for measuring skin absorbability and

compositions for hair and scalp containing a fatty

acid, an alcohol, an amide, and an ester

INVENTOR(S):

Takeoka, Eriko; Takamoto, Ryuichi; Yanaki, Toshio

Shiseido Company Limited, Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eur. Pat. Appl., 38 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIN	D DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
EP 1096255 EP 1096255	A2 A3		EP 2000-123538	20001027		
R: AT, BE		DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI	, SE, MC, I	PT,	
JP 2001174392	A2	•	JP 1999-358840	1999121	17	
CN 1303015	Α		CN 2000-131969	2000103		
JP 2002071682			JP 2000-330836	2000103		
CN 1530652 CN 1566948	A A	20040922 20050119	CN 2004-10033420 CN 2004-10064115	2000103 2000103		
CN 1300346 CN 1771896	A	20050117	CN 2004-10004113	2000103	_	
US 2003165429	A1	20030904	US 2002-238520	2002090	09	
US 2006034762	A1	20060216	US 2005-259882	2005102		
US 2006062730	A1	20060323	US 2005-260714	2005102		
PRIORITY APPLN. IN	0.:		JP 1999-309225	A 1999102	-	
			JP 1999-358840	A 199912		
			JP 2000-180457	A 200006		
			US 2000-697043	B3 2000102		
			CN 2004-10033420	A3 2000103		
			US 2002-238520	A1 2002090	09	

Entered STN: 04 May 2001 ED

A method for measuring skin absorbability comprises measuring the amount of AB the substance which is penetrated into hair follicles and using the resultant data as an index representing the amount of the substance which is absorbed through skin pores. The method includes bringing the substance into contact with a first surface of a thin film that mimics the skin surface layer, a second surface of the film being brought into contact with artificial sebum, and evaluating the sebum transferability of the substance by using the degree of transfer of the substance to the artificial sebum as an index. A kit for performing the measurement method of the present invention is also disclosed. For example, skin samples

were prepared from the miniature pig's upper and lower back and the absorption of pantothenylethyl ether from compns. containing ethanol and an oily ingredient having an inorg./organic balance value of 0.06-4.0 was measured. The concentration of pantothenylethyl ether delivered to the hair follicles increased in the presence of isostearyl alc., i.e., isostearyl alc. accelerates the skin-pore absorption of pantothenylethyl ether. A hair-removing composition contained (weight%) 95% EtOH 55.0, calcium thioglycolate

5.0, 1,3-butylene glycol 1.5, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil (60 E.O.) 1.0, isostearyl alc. 5.0, succinic acid, perfume and a coloring agent.

IT 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Cocoamidopropyl betaine; method for measuring skin absorbability of compns. for hair and scalp containing fatty acids, alcs., amides, and esters)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{\text{H}_{2}\text{N}}-\text{(CH}_{2})_{3}-\overset{\text{+}}{\overset{\text{+}}{\underset{\text{|}}{\text{CH}_{2}}}}\text{CH}_{2}-\text{CO}_{2}-\overset{\text{-}}{\overset{\text{+}}{\underset{\text{|}}{\text{|}}}}$$

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies
57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 112-80-1,
Oleic acid, biological studies 7651-02-7
30399-84-9, Isostearic acid 73296-86-3, Diglyceryl
isostearate
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
 (method for measuring skin absorbability of compns. for hair and scalp containing fatty acids, alcs., amides, and esters)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
 ${\rm Me_2N^-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 73296-86-3 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid, ester with oxybis[propanediol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59113-36-9 CMF C6 H14 O5

CCI IDS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 30399-84-9 CMF C18 H36 O2 CCI IDS

L117 ANSWER 26 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:725419 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:300930

TITLE:

Surfactants, fatty acids, and fatty esters for liquid cleansing compositions with enhanced low temperature

stability

INVENTOR(S):

Puvvada, Sudhakar; Mitra, Shuman

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Unilever PLC, UK; Unilever N. V.; Hindustan Lever Ltd.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.							APPLICATION NO. DAT					ATE					
									WO 2000-EP2757						2	0000	328	
	W:	ΑE,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,	
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	
		IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	
							MX,											
		•	•	•	•	•	TT,	-		•				-				
		-	-				RU,			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	·	
	RW:	•	•	•	•		SD,			TZ.	UG.	ZW.	AT.	BE.	CH.	CY,	DE.	
	2000						GR,											
		-		-			GW,							,	,			
IIS	6150		,	•			2000	•				•			1	9990	405	
															20000328			
									CA 2000-2366825 2000032 CEP 2000-920614 2000032									
	1165						2005			DE 2	000	2200	14		2	0000	J	
EP							ES,		CD	CD	TT	TT	TIT	NTT	CE.	MC	рт	
	R:	•	•	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	ĠΒ,	GK,	тт,	шт,	шо,	мп,	æ,	MC,	F1,	
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	2002														_		-	
	AT 299690				E		2005	0812								0000		
PRIORIT	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									999-			_	_	9990			
_										wo 2	000-	EP27.	57	,	N 2	0000	328	

ED Entered STN: 13 Oct 2000

AB The invention relates to liquid cleansing compns. in lamellar phase. The use of specific anionic surfactant has been found to enhance both the initial viscosity and the freeze thaw (low temperature) viscosity/stability of the compns. Lamellar structured shower gel compns. were prepared containing

the

IT

RN

following base: Na trideceth sulfate (STDS) 15%, Na lauryl ether sulfate 0-10%, amphoteric surfactant (e.g., Na lauroamphoacetate) 5-15%, oil/emollient (e.g., sunflower seed oil, silicone, or petrolatum) 0-15%, opacifier/colorant 0-2%, perfume/preservative 0-3%, and lamellar inducing fatty acid (e.g., isostearic acid) 1-8%. STDS effects in enhancing F/T stability of a structured liquid formulations were observed 36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Cocoamidopropyl betaine; surfactants, fatty acids, and fatty esters for liquid cleansing compns. with enhanced low temperature stability) 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}_{\text{H}_2\text{N}-\text{(CH}_2)_3-\text{N}^+-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2}$$

IT 30399-84-9, Isostearic acid

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(surfactants, fatty acids, and fatty esters for liquid cleansing compns.

with enhanced low temperature stability)

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || HO-C-(C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>35</sub>-iso)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMA

L117 ANSWER 27 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:376812 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:22166

TITLE: Cosmetics containing N-long chain acyl-amino acid

esters

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Hiroji; Yumioka, Ryosuke; Koyama, Kyoko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 34 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2000154112 A2 20000606 JP 1999-146974 19990526
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-150945 A 19980601

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:22166

ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 2000

The cosmetics, which have no sticky texture, show good hair-conditioning effect, and give smoothness to skin, contain (a) N-[C6-22 linear or branched (un)saturated acyl]-neutral amino acid C1-10 linear or branched (un)saturated hydrocarbyl esters and/or (b) N-[C6-22 linear or branched (un)saturated acyl]-acidic amino acid C1-10 linear or branched (un)saturated hydrocarbyl diesters and (c) surfactants as active ingredients. A cleansing foam containing N-lauroylsarcosine iso-Pr ester 2, N-lauroylglutamic acid Na salt 20, 1,3-butylene glycol 50%, antiseptic, and H2O balance had no stickiness during and after the use.

IT 4292-10-8, Softazoline LPB 7651-02-7 9004-95-9
, Polyoxyethylene cetyl ether 9004-98-2, Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether 30399-84-9D, Isostearic acid, ester with polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil monopyroglutamate
RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cosmetics containing N-long-chain acyl-neutral amino acid esters and/or N-long-chain acyl-acidic amino acid diesters and surfactants)

RN 4292-10-8 CAPLUS

CN

1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxododecyl)amino]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & & | \\ & \text{O}_{2}\text{C} - \text{CH}_{2} - \text{N}^{+} \text{(CH}_{2})_{3} - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{(CH}_{2})_{10} - \text{Me} \\ & | \\ & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 9004-95-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hexadecyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $n$   $(CH_2)_{15} - Me$ 

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $(CH_2)_8 - CH = CH - (CH_2)_7 - Me$ 

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 28 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:747614 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:22520

TITLE: Betaines as adjuvants to susceptibility testing and

antimicrobial therapy

INVENTOR(S): Thornton, Charles G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Integrated Research Technology, Llc, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 205 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

## PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE			APPI	LICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE	
	WO	9850	<b>-</b> 576			A1	-	1998	1112	,	WO :	1998-1	 US87	60		1	9980	501
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	, BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GW,	, HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
			ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	, LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
			NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG	, SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW									
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	ŪĠ,	ZW,	, AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL	, PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
			CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG							
CA 2288457					AA		1998	1112		CA :	1998-	2288	457		1	9980	501	
	ΑU	9873	652			A1		1998	1127		AU :	1998-	7365	2		1	9980	501
	EP	9804	38			A1		2000	0223	,	EP :	1998-	9209	28		1	9980	501
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,															
		2001						2001	1127			1998					9980	501
	US	6406	880			B1		2002	0618		US :	1999-	4296	14		1	9991	029
US 2003104513						A1		2003	0605	1	US 2	2002-	1256	47		2	0020	419
US 7067500						B2		2006	0627									
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:							1997-						
									1	WO :	1998-	US87	60	1	W 1	9980	501	
											US :	1999-	4296	14		A2 1	9991	029

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:22520

ED Entered STN: 25 Nov 1998

AB The present invention is related to method and compns. for susceptibility testing of bacteria containing mycolic acid structures using betaine-like detergents, and inducing the susceptibility of such bacteria using the same. A method for susceptibility testing comprises (a) exposing a microorganism to a composition comprising an antibiotic and a betaine-like detergent and (b) characterizing the susceptibility of the microorganism to the antibiotic based upon the viability of the microorganism in the composition The betaine is especially CB-18 (CAS Number 78195-27-4). The invention

stems from observations made during studies involving methods for processing clin. specimens for the detection of mycobacteria.

IT 6179-44-8 36574-66-0D, N-(C8-22)-acyl derivs.

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(betaines as adjuvants to susceptibility testing and antimicrobial therapy)

RN 6179-44-8 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)amino]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 36574-66-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, inner salt (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm Me}_{\rm H_2N^-\ (CH_2)_3^-N^+\ CH_2^-CO_2^-}^+$$

IT 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies

57-11-4, Octadecanoic acid, biological studies 9004-95-9

, Brij 56 9004-98-2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(screening of, for microbial growth suppression; betaines as adjuvants

to susceptibility testing and antimicrobial therapy)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C^-$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 9004-95-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-hexadecyl-ω-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO 
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
  $CH_2)_{15} - Me$ 

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy1),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L117 ANSWER 29 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:227051 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:295802

TITLE:

Finishing agents for imparting improved softness and

hygroscopicity to fibers

INVENTOR (S):

Sato, Koji; Sunada, Hideaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ipposha Oil Industries Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10096173	A2	19980414	JP 1996-274204	19960924
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-274204	19960924

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 1998

AB The finishing agents contain polyorganosiloxanes containing amino groups and polyoxyalkylene groups in the mol. chain and polyethylenepolyamine higher fatty acid amides as the main components. A woven polyester tropical was treated with aqueous 3% solution containing 10 parts amino polyether-modified silicone and 3 parts amide of diethylenetriamine, stearic acid, and maleic anhydride to pickup 80%, dried, and cured 2 min at 160° to give a fabric exhibiting excellent softness and H2O absorption rating [JIS L-1018-A (dropping method)] 1 initially and 1 after 5 washings.

57-11-4D, Stearic acid, reaction products with diethylenetriamine and maleic anhydride 109-55-7D, reaction products with linseed oil fatty acids 112-80-1D, Oleic acid, reaction products with tetraethylenepentamine and stearic acid 112-85-6D, Behenic acid, reaction products with hydroxyethylethylenediamine and propylene glycol diglycidyl ether

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(finishing agents containing polyoxyalkylene aminosiloxanes and fatty acid amides for imparting improved softness and hygroscopicity to fibers)

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS

CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>20</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 30 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:656278 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S):

119:256278

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Shampoo compositions and suspending agent therefor Dowell, Teresa Jolanta; Newell, Gerald Patrick;

Zeffren, Eugene

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Helene Curtis, Inc., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
EP 562639 EP 562639	A1 B1	19930929 19971029	EP 1993-105071	19930327		
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU	J, NL, SE		
US 5393519	Α	19950228	US 1992-969382	19921030		
NO 9300368	Α	19930928	NO 1993-368	19930202		
ZA 9301612	Α	19940621	ZA 1993-1612	19930305		
AU 9335267	A1	19930930	AU 1993-35267	19930316		
AU 661117	B2	19950713				
CA 2091872	AA	19930928	CA 1993-2091872	19930317		
CA 2091872	C	20021112				
JP 06009351	A2	19940118	JP 1993-65553	19930324		
JP 2894666	B2	19990524				
AT 159656	E	19971115	AT 1993-105071	19930327		
US 5587154	A	19961224	US 1994-301192	19940906		
US 5665267	Α	19970909	US 1996-728932	19961011		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-859128	A 19920327		
			US 1992-969382	A 19921030		
			US 1994-301192	A3 19940906		

MARPAT 119:256278 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Entered STN: 11 Dec 1993 ED

A suspending agent for shampoos comprises a long carbon-chain amine and an organic or inorg. acid. The suspending agent allows for the manufacture of shampoos containing water-insol. compds., such as conditioning agents and antidandruff agents. A shampoos was made of NH4 lauryl sulfate 6.0, Na lauryl sulfate 4.5, NH4 lauryl Et sulfate 2.8, lauramide DEA 1.25, palmitamidopropyldimethylamine 3.0, citric acid 0.55, purcellin oil 2.0, and water to 100%, as well as dye, fragrance and preservative.

ТТ 57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies 57-11-4, Stearic acid, biological studies 109-28-4, Oleamidopropyl dimethylamine 112-80-1, Oleic acid,

biological studies 39669-97-1 45267-19-4,

Myristamidopropyl dimethylamine 60270-33-9, Behenamidopropyl

dimethylamine

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(suspending agent containing, for shampoos)

57-10-3 CAPLUS RN

Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{14}^-Me$ 

RN57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\rm HO_2C^-}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_{2}N \xrightarrow{(CH_{2})_{3}} N \xrightarrow{N} (CH_{2})_{7} Z \xrightarrow{Z} (CH_{2})_{7} Me$$

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Z$  (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $Me$ 

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 45267-19-4 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 60270-33-9 CAPLUS

CN Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 31 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:171080 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:171080

TITLE:

Cationic surfactants, pigment dispersants, and pigment

dispersions

INVENTOR(S):

Kara, Yonosuke; Takei, Toshio; Tanaka, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan; Kawamura

Physical and Chemical Research Institute

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04215830	A2	19920806	JP 1991-58834	19910322
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-73992 A	1 19900323

ED Entered STN: 01 May 1993

The title surfactant providing condensed polynuclear pigment sulfonic acid quaternary ammonium type dispersants for pigments for pigment dispersions of good flowability, storability, and miscibility with different pigments are quaternary ammonium salts, in which at least one of the groups bonded to the quaternary N contain carboxylic acid ester group. Thus, 12-hydroxystearic acid esterified with 2-ethylhexanol was treated with epichlorohydrin in the presence of BF3-ether complex then Et3N to give a cationic surfactant Et3N+CH2CH(OH)CH2OCH(C6H13)(CH2)10CO2CHEtBu Cl- (QCl) which was treated with CuPcSO3Na (Pc = phthalocyanine residue) to give a pigment dispersant CuPcSO3Q (I). A varnish from CuPc 9, 4:1 Beckolite 57-206-40-Super Beckamine L-105-60 50, thinner 40, and I had viscosity 108 cP, thixotropy index 1.30, and gloss 75%.

IT 7651-02-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture and reaction of, with chloroacetate derivs.)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm Me}_{2}$ N $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{3}$  $^{-}$ NH $^{-}$ C $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{16}$  $^{-}$ Me

IT 146555-31-9P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of, for pigment dispersants, for coatings)

RN 146555-31-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)amino]-, (SP-4-2)-[29H,31H-phthalocyanine-2-sulfonato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]cuprate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 146555-30-8 CMF C33 H67 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 70750-62-8 CMF C32 H15 Cu N8 O3 S CCI CCS

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{12}^-Me$ 

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - NMe_2$ 

146555-25-1P IT

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(surfactants, manufacture of, for pigment dispersants)

RN146555-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1oxooctadecyl)amino]-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## ● cl ~

L117 ANSWER 32 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:216302 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:216302

TITLE: Lubricating finishes for fibers INVENTOR(S): Yokoyama, Tadashi; Watanabe, Meikai

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yushiro Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
JP 04018169	A2	19920122	JP 1990-116367	19900502	
JP 2544990	B2	19961016			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-116367	19900502	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 116:216302

Entered STN: 31 May 1992

The title finishes for improving softness and smoothness of fibers contain R1CONHCnH2nNR2R3 (R1 = C11-23 alkyl or alkenyl; R2-3 = C1-4 alkyl; n =2-5) 5-50, waxes 40-80, and surfactants 10-40 parts. Thus, acrylic-cotton blended yarns were treated with a composition of 1.5 parts stearic acid-dimethylaminopropylamine reaction products and 3 parts (based on solids) emulsion containing paraffin wax 18, hydrogenated tallow 3, stearic acid monoglyceride 2, oleic acid diethanolamide 2, and polyethylene glycol oleyl ether 5%, and dried to give yarns with dynamic friction coefficient 0.28 and good knitting quality, vs. 0.35 and poor, resp.,

for nontreated yarns.

TΤ 57-11-4, Stearic acid, reactions 112-85-6,

Behenic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (amidation of, with dialkylaminoalkylamines)

57-11-4 CAPLUS RN

Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{16}^-Me$ 

RN 112-85-6 CAPLUS

CN Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{20}^-Me$ 

IT 109-55-7, (Dimethylamino) propylamine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (amidation of, with stearic acid)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 7651-02-7 9004-98-2, Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether

RL: USES (Uses)

(lubricating finishes containing, for fibers, for improved smoothness and antistatic properties)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{16}-Me}$ 

RN 9004-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -(9Z)-9-octadecenyl- $\omega$ -hydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 33 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:593566 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:193566

TITLE: Finishing of synthetic fiber webs INVENTOR(S): Koerte, Klaus; Schleusener, Eckart

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sandoz-Patent-GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 7 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 4135499	A1	19920514	DE 1991-4135499	19911028
FR 2668783	A1	19920507	FR 1991-13607	19911031
FR 2668783	B1	19950324		
GB 2251633	A1	19920715	GB 1991-23350	19911104
PRIORITY APPLN. I	INFO.:		DE 1990-4035283	Al 19901107

ED Entered STN: 15 Nov 1992

AB A method for finishing webs, optionally reinforced, from thermoplastic fibers for improved liquid uptake comprises finishing with an amphoteric compound which is an inner salt and has the formula RCONHZN+R1R2Z1X-, where RCO is derived from a branched or straight chain C14-22 fatty acid, Z = C2-6 alkylene, R1, R2 = C1-4 alkyl or C2-4 hydroxyalkyl, Z1 = C1-4 alkylene or hydroxy C3-4 alkylene, and X = CO2, SO3. A melt blown polypropylene micro fiber web (80 g/m2) was sprayed with a 1% isopropanol solution of N-(3-isostearoylamidopropyl)-N,N-dimethylammonia acetate (preparation

given) and dried to give a web with very high hydrophilic properties, while the starting material was hydrophobic.

IT 25054-76-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and finishing of synthetic fiber webs by, for hydrophilic finish)

RN 25054-76-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[[(9Z)-1-oxo-9-octadecenyl]amino]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$O_2$$
C  $O_2$ C  $O_2$ C  $O_3$ C  $O_4$ C  $O_4$ C  $O_5$ C  $O_5$ C  $O_5$ C  $O_6$ C  $O_7$ C  $O_8$ C

IT 112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with dimethylaminopropylamine)

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$_{\mathrm{HO_{2}C}}$$
  $^{\mathrm{(CH_{2})}}$   $^{\mathrm{7}}$   $^{\mathrm{Z}}$   $^{\mathrm{(CH_{2})}}$   $^{\mathrm{7}}$   $^{\mathrm{Me}}$ 

IT 109-55-7, 3-Dimethylaminopropylamine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with fatty acids)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

L117 ANSWER 34 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1990:161060 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:161060

Preparation of quaternary ammonium compounds for use TITLE:

as fabric softeners

INVENTOR (S): Rutzen, Horst; Baumann, Horst; Ploog, Uwe; Uphues,

Guenter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Henkel K.-G.a.A., Fed. Rep. Ger.

PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.			KIND	D.	ATE		API	PLICAT	CION NO	ο.		DATE	
							-							-		
	WO	8909	204			<b>A1</b>	1	9893	1005	WO	1989-	-EP337			19890328	3
		W:	DK,	JP,	KR,	US										
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR,	GB,	IT,	LU, NI	SE, SE					
	DE	3811	247			A1	1	989	1012	DE	1988-	381124	<del>1</del> 7		19880402	?
	ΕP	3362	67			A2	1	989	1011	EP	1989-	-10548	3		19890328	3
	EP	3362	67			A3	1	989:	1025							
		R:	ES													
1	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					DE	1988-	-38112	<b>17</b>	Α	19880402	?

PRIOR

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 112:161060

Entered STN: 28 Apr 1990

ΔR The title compds. R1R2R3R4N+R5X-[R2 = alkyl; R1 = hydroxyalkyl; R3 =hydroxyalkyl, alkyl, acylamidoalkyl, acyloxyalkyl; R4 = alkyl, acylamidoalkyl, acyloxyalkyl; R5 = hydrocarbyl; X = CO2, OSO3, SO3], useful as softening agents for laundered fabrics, are prepared Heating 3 mol C12-18 coco fatty acids, 1 mol [H2N(CH2)3]2NMe, and 0.16 g H3PO2 at 200° for 4 h with distillation of H2O gave a waxy amide salt (amine number 66.4; acid number 62.7) which (0.24 mol) was quaternized with 0.48 mol oxirane in 213.4 g H2O at 80°/3 atm for 2 h.

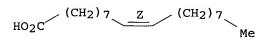
112-80-1, Oleic acid, reactions IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (amidation by, of [(dimethylamino)propyl]amine)

112-80-1 CAPLUS RN

9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Double bond geometry as shown.



109-55-7DP, N,N-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine, reaction products IT with acrylic acid-oleic acid adduct and oxirane RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and fabric-softening properties of)

109-55-7 CAPLUS RN

1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 126150-53-6

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (quaternization of, by oxirane)

RN126150-53-6 CAPLUS

9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, compd. with N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-9-CN octadecenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 126150-52-5 CMF C23 H46 N2 O

 $Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_7-CH=CH-(CH_2)_7-Me$ 

CM

CRN 112-80-1 CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$_{\text{HO}_2\text{C}}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $_{\text{Z}}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7

L117 ANSWER 35 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:574130 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:174130

TITLE:

Preparation and testing of aminoalkylamides,

alkylcarbamic acid aminoalkyl esters, aminoalkylureas,

aminoalkylsulfonamides, and alkylcarboxylic acid

hydrazides as phospholipase A2 inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): McGregor, William H.; Chang, Joseph Y.

American Home Products Corp., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 7 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 895,762,

abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. 19861106 Α 19890425 US 1986-927907 US 4824996 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1986-895762 A2 19860812

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 111:174130; MARPAT 111:174130

ED Entered STN: 10 Nov 1989

GI

$$Q^{1} = CON NR^{5}$$

AB R1X [I; R1 = C8-22 alkyl; X = NHCO2R2, CONHR2, NHCONHR2, SO2NHR2, Q1; R2 = (CH2)nNR4R5; R3, R4, R5 = H, alkyl; n = 0-7], useful as phospholipase A2 inhibitors, were prepared Me(CH2)11NCO and Me2N(CH2)5OH were stirred several days in THF at room temperature to give Me(CH2)11NCO2(CH2)5NMe2. I inhibited 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol acetate-induced edema in mouse ears by 42-55%.

IT 544-63-8, Myristic acid, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(activation and condensation of, with dimethylaminopropylamine, in
preparation of phospholipase inhibitor)

RN 544-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>12</sub>-Me

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NMe<sub>2</sub>

IT 67806-14-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of, as phospholipase A2 inhibitor)

RN 67806-14-8 CAPLUS

CN Pentadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O || MeaN-(CHa)3-NH-C-(CHa)13-Me

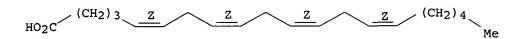
IT 506-32-1, Arachidonic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis inhibitors, aminoalkylamides, alkylcarbamic acid aminoalkyl esters, aminoalkyl ureas, aminoalkylsulfonamides, and alkylcarboxylic acid hydrazides)

RN 506-32-1 CAPLUS

CN 5,8,11,14-Eicosatetraenoic acid, (5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L117 ANSWER 36 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:533910 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

107:133910

TITLE:

Diquaternary ammonium salts, their preparation and

their use as textile finishing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Topfl, Rosemarie; Abel, Heinz; Binz, Jorg

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE ·	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 221855	A2	19870513	EP 1986-810499	19861103
EP 221855	A3	19880511		
EP 221855	B1	19900711		
R: CH, DE, ES,	FR, GB	, IT, LI		
ZA 8608483	Α	19870624	ZA 1986-8483	19861107
JP 62174042	A2	19870730	JP 1986-264917	19861108
JP 63028417	B4	19880608		
US 4906413	A	19900306	US 1988-270378	19881110
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1985-4801 A	19851108
			US 1986-925059 B	1 19861030

Entered STN: 17 Oct 1987 ED

H43C21C0Q1A1N+R1R2Z1N+R3R4A2Q2COC21H43 3-n(Y1)n-[I; A1, A2 = C2-5]AB alkylene; Q1, Q2 = NH, O; R1, R2, R3, R4 = alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxyalkyl with C1-4 in each alkyl; (Y1)n- = anion of a strong acid; Z1 = OH-substituted C3-24 alkylene with optional O interruption; n = 1, 2, useful as textile auxiliaries, were prepared by reaction of 1 mol H43C21C0Q1A1NR1R2 and 1 mol H43C21C0Q2A2NR3R4 with 1 mol X1Z'X2 [X1 = epoxy group, X2 = epoxy group or movable halo; Z' = C1-20 alkylene (un) substituted with OH and optionally with O interrupter; when X2 = epoxy, Z' = bond] in the presence of a strong acid H+n(Y1)n-.

Behenic acid and Me2NCH2CH2NH2 reacted to give

C21H43CONH(CH2)2NMe2 which was treated with concentrated HCl in H2O and Me2CHOH.

then with epichlorohydrin to give [C21H43CONH(CH2)2N+Me2CH2]2CHOH 2Cl-. Several examples involving treatment of textiles with I were given.

IT 109-55-7

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (amidation by, of behenic acid)

109-55-7 CAPLUS RN

1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - NMe_2$ 

```
TΤ
     112-85-6, Behenic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (amidation of)
RN
     112-85-6 CAPLUS
     Docosanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO_2C^- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>20</sub>-Me
IT
     60270-33-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and reaction of, with epichlorohydrin)
RN
     60270-33-9 CAPLUS
CN
     Docosanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{20}-Me
L117 ANSWER 37 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1978:557616 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         89:157616
TITLE:
                         Amine oxides for retarding plaque formation
INVENTOR(S):
                         Blackburne, Owen Rodney; Shapiro, Warren B.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Noxell Corp., USA
SOURCE:
                         U.S., 9 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         _ _ _ _
                                            -----
                                _____
     US 4093711
                          Α
                                19780606
                                            US 1976-714149
                                                                    19760813
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1976-714149
                                                                    19760813
     Entered STN: 12 May 1984
     Amine oxides RCONR1(CH2)nNR220 (R = C>13 alkyl, R1 = H or C1-3 alkyl, R2 =
AB
     C1-5 alkyl and n = 1-6) are prepared for retarding plaque formation.
     Diethylaminopropylpalmitamide N-oxide [Me(CH2)14CONH(CH2)3NEt20] (I)
     [67806-09-1] was prepared by peroxide oxidation of
     diethylaminopropylpalmitamide (II) [67806-13-7]. II was prepared from
     Et2N(CH2)3NH2 [104-78-9] and palmitic acid [57-10-3
        I prevented plaque and pellicle formation on extracted teeth swabbed in
     saliva and incubated in a media solution for 24 h.
IT
     109-55-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (acylation of)
RN
     109-55-7 CAPLUS
     1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
```

IT 57-10-3, biological studies

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (diethylaminopropylamine acylation by)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

IT 1002-84-2 30399-84-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (dimethylaminopropylamine acylation by)

RN 1002-84-2 CAPLUS

CN Pentadecanoic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{13}^-Me$ 

RN 30399-84-9 CAPLUS

CN Isooctadecanoic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

0 || HO-C-(C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>35</sub>-iso)

IT 109-28-4 45267-19-4 67806-14-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(oxidation of)

RN 109-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_{2}N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{3}} N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{7}} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_{2})_{7}} Me$$

RN 45267-19-4 CAPLUS

CN Tetradecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{12}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_{12}-$ 

RN 67806-14-8 CAPLUS

CN Pentadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm Me}_{\rm 2}$ N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>13</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 38 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:24738 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:24738

TITLE: Compositions for waterproofing and oilproofing of

textiles

INVENTOR(S): Yoshida, Kenji; Baba, Toshihiko; Midorikawa, Akio;

Nagaki, Rejuzo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 53035915	B4	19780929	JP 1971-31591		19710513
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1971-31591 A	A	19710513

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

Water-resistant and oil-resistant synthetic, cotton, and polyester-cotton fabrics are prepared with improved process stability by mixing a basic fatty acid amide RCONHZNR1R2, where R is C7-21 alkyl, Z is C2-4 alkylene, and NR1R2 is di-C1-4-alkylamino or a 5- or 6-membered ring, with compns. containing a fluoropolymer or wax-acrylic polymer mixture and finishing the fabric with the mixture Thus, 256 g palmitic acid [ 57-10-3] was treated with 112.2 g [(dimethylamino)propyl]amine [ 109-55-7] to give an amide (I) [39669-97-1]. I 100, H2O 453, 90% lactic acid 16, and 35% H2O2 15.5 g were mixed. A polyester fabric was immersed in an aqueous mixture containing 3.0% Scotchgard FC 208 [30660-57-2] and 0.05% of the resulting composition (A) to 80% pickup, dried, and heat-treated 2 min at 160° to give a water-resistant and oil-resistant fabric, whereas gum formation on the rubber roll occurred on finishing the fabric with a similar composition without A.

IT 39669-97-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, for waterproofing and oilproofing of synthetic, cotton and cotton-polyester fabrics with improved process stability)

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_{2}\text{N--} (\text{CH}_{2})_{3} - \text{NH--C--} (\text{CH}_{2})_{14} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IT 57-10-3, reactions 57-11-4, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with [(dimethylamino)propyl]amine)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

RN 57-11-4 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

IT 109-55-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with fatty acids)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 109-55-7D, reaction products with hydrogenated coconut oil fatty
acids

RL: USES (Uses)

(waterproofing and oilproofing of cotton fabrics in presence of, with improved process stability)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 7651-02-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(waterproofing and oilproofing of nylon-rayon fabrics in presence of, with improved process stability)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me<sub>2</sub>N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

IT 3179-80-4

RL: USES (Uses)

(waterproofing and oilproofing of polyester-cotton fabrics in presence of, with improved process stability)

RN 3179-80-4 CAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L117 ANSWER 39 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:472282 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Photographic, light-sensitive silver halide materials TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Yamamoto, Nobuo; Yoneyama, Masakazu; Ohmura, Kunioki

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ger. Offen., 37 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2249471	<b>A1</b>	19730419	DE 1972-2249471	19721009
JP 48043924	A2	19730625	JP 1971-79185	19711008
JP 50005048	B4	19750227		
US 3843368	Α	19741022	US 1972-295326	19721005
GB 1399488	Α	19750702	GB 1972-46344	19721006
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1971-79185 A	19711008

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB Long chain N-(amidoalkyl)(carboxyalkyl)quaternary ammonium betaine compds., added in amts. of 0.1-5 g/kg of coating mixture, permit high-speed coating (>50 m/min) of Ag halide emulsion or other layers and improve their antistatic, antifriction, and nonsticky properties. A typical example is C15H31CONH(CH2)3N+Me2CH2CO2-, which was obtained by treating palmitic acid with 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine at 180° in

a N atmospheric and then quaternizing by reaction with Na chloroacetate.

4292-10-8 6179-44-8 32954-43-1 IT 43126-89-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(coating aids, for photog. emulsions)

RN 4292-10-8 CAPLUS

1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxododecyl)amino]-, CNinner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

6179-44-8 CAPLUS RN

1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)amino]-CN , inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}$$
  $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{CH}_2}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{I}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^$ 

32954-43-1 CAPLUS RN

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxohexadecyl)amino]-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 43126-89-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxooctadecyl)amino], inner salt, didehydro deriv. (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 6179-44-8 CMF C25 H50 N2 O3

IT 109-55-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with palmitic acid)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

IT 39669-97-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with sodium chloroacetate)

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me}_{2}\text{N--} \text{(CH}_{2})_{3} - \text{NH--C--} \text{(CH}_{2})_{14} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IT **57-10-3**, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (with dimethylaminopropylamine)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 40 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ب ب چا

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:148928 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:148928

TITLE: Stabilization of water- and oilproofing agents for

fabrics

INVENTOR(S): Yoshida, Kenji; Umaba, Toshihiko; Midorikawa, Akio;

Nagaki, Ryuzo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc. SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<b></b>			
JP 47042486	B4	19721216	JP 1971-31591	19710513

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB An amide surfactant derived from a N,N-disubstituted diamine and a C8-22 alkanoic acid was used to stabilize water- and oilproofing agents. Thus, a mixture of 256 g palmitic acid and 112.2 g 3-dimethylaminopropylamine was heated 5 hr at 190.deg. to give

N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)palmitamide (I) [39669-97-1]. I (100 g) was dispersed in 453 g water and mixed with 16 g 90% lactic acid and 15.5 g 35% H2O2, and the mixture was heated 2 hr at 80.deg. to give a surfactant mixture The product 0.05, Scotchgard FC 208 3.0, and water 96.95 parts were mixed, and the mixture was used to process polyester fabric continuously for 3 hr without appreciable gum formation, compared with gum formation in 30 min for a similar composition without I.

IT 109-55-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with palmitic acid)

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 ${\rm H_2N^-}$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NMe<sub>2</sub>

IT 39669-97-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(surfactant, for stabilization of oilproofing and waterproofing agents for textiles)

RN 39669-97-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] - (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\stackrel{\rm O}{\parallel}$$
  $\stackrel{\rm Me}{_{2}}$ N $-$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{3}$  $-$  NH $-$  C $-$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{14}$  $-$  Me

IT **57-10-3**, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(with dimethylaminopropylamine)

RN 57-10-3 CAPLUS

CN Hexadecanoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>14</sub>-Me

7

L117 ANSWER 41 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1971:77354 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

74:77354

TITLE:

Continuous dyeing and printing of textiles

INVENTOR(S):

Hildebrand, Dietrich; Kirschnek, Helmut

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 72 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE .
DE 1929662	Α	19701217	DE 1969-1929662	19690611
DE 1929662	B2	19770707		
GB 1266082	Α	19720308	GB 1970-1266082	19700522
AT 320579	В	19750225	AT 1970-4982	19700603
JP 49035109	B4	19740919	JP 1970-49583	19700610
BE 751844	Α	19701116	BE 1970-751844	19700611
NL 7008546	Α	19701215	NL 1970-8546	19700611
FR 2045993	A5	19710305	FR 1970-21484	19700611
FR 2045993	B1	19740503		
CH 708829	A4	19730228	CH 1970-8829	19700611
CH 540391	В	19730928		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1969-1929662 A	19690611

ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Textiles were dyed or printed in a conventional manner with an aqueous dye bath or printing paste, dried, heated and treated with an afterwash containing a chlorinated hydrocarbon and HOAc or di- or triethanolamine. Thus, a polyacrylonitrile fabric was padded with I in an aqueous bath containing methyl glycol acetate, glycerol monoacetate, the reaction product of nonylphenol with ethylene oxide, HOAc and an alginate thickener, and steamed 15 min at 115°. The fabric was treated with a solution of Na dodecylbenzenesulfonate, HOAc, and water in C2Cl4 followed by C2Cl4. The dried fabric had good fastness properties.

IT 7651-02-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(in dyeing of textiles, continuous)

RN 7651-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $^{\rm O}_{||}$  Me<sub>2</sub>N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub>-Me

L117 ANSWER 42 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1969:484819 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

71:84819

TITLE: Dependence of surface tension on surfactant

concentration

AUTHOR(S): Keymer, Reinhard

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Inst. Bonn, Bonn, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Pharmazeutische Industrie (1969), 31(3), 152-5

CODEN: PHINAN; ISSN: 0031-711X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984

AB The reduction of the surface tension in a H2O solution follows the logarithm of the concentration in the shape of an S-curve, as was measured on 12 different

surfactants. The critical micelle concentration value is near the linear

course of

the curve where the change-over probably occurs. Impulse concentration and saturated

concns. are the values near the curved parts. Each phase of the dilution seems to form a specific quotient of actually dissolved surfactant to the surfactant with micelle structure. The addition of lipoids disturbs the quotient, because some of the surfactant in micelle structure is used and new micelle formation has to occur. This reduces the freely dissolved mols. with a consequent increase of the surface tension under the formation of a new quotient. The saturation-tension is suggested for the characterization of a surfactant.

IT 25729-05-9 32954-43-1

RL: PRP (Properties)

(critical micelle concentration and surface tension of aqueous solns. of, concentration

dependence of)

RN 25729-05-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxotridecyl)amino]-,
inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{Me}}$$
  $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{He}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{He}}$   $^{\text{CO}}$   $^{\text{CH}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{He}}$   $^{\text{CO}}$   $^{\text{CH}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{He}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{He}}$   $^{\text{O}}$   $^{\text{$ 

RN 32954-43-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxohexadecyl)amino] , inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 112-80-1, Oleic acid

RL: PRP (Properties)

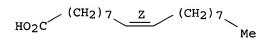
(reaction products with peptides, sodium salts, critical micelle concentration

and surface tension of aqueous solns. of, concentration dependence of)

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L117 ANSWER 43 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1967:2223 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

66:2223

TITLE:

Sulfoalkylated basic carboxylic acid amides

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sandoz Patents Ltd.

SOURCE:

Brit., 3 pp. CODEN: BRXXAA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1037645		19660803	GB	
CH 439711			СН	
ORITY APPLN INFO .			CH '	19620410

Entered STN: 12 May 1984

A mixture of 1 mole oleic acid and 1 mole H2NCH2CH2NHCH2-CH2OH was heated at 150-60° under N until 1.5 moles H2O had distilled and the product was quaternized by heating at 90° with 1.2 moles 40% aqueous ClCH2CHOHCH2OSO2Na (I) and 1.2 moles 30% aqueous NaOH. A similar product was prepared by reaction of 1 mole lauric acid with 1.3 moles H2N(CH2)3NMe2 and heating the amide formed with I as before. The aqueous solns of the products are useful as dispersants for S which sep. in the precipitating bath during the spinning of viscose.

112-80-1D, Oleic acid, sulfoalkylated amino derivs. IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(as dispersants)

112-80-1 CAPLUS RN

9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 109-28-4P 3179-80-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN109-28-4 CAPLUS

9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_3} N \xrightarrow{\text{N}_{H}} (CH_2)_{7} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_{7}} Me$$

RN 3179-80-4 CAPLUS

CN Dodecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{
m O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{
m Me}_{2}$ N $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{3}$  $^{-}$ NH $^{-}$ C $^{-}$  (CH $_{2}$ ) $_{10}$  $^{-}$ Me

IT 112-80-1, Oleic acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction products with 2-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]ethanol and sodium
 3-chloro-2-hydroxy-1-propanesulfonate, quaternary derivative)

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$_{\text{HO}_2\text{C}}$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7  $_{\text{Me}}$ 

L117 ANSWER 44 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:28119 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:28119
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:5429d-h

TITLE: Acyclic hydrazinium salts

INVENTOR(S): Rudner, Bernard; Brooks, Marguerite E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): W. R. Grace & Co.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2906753		19590929	US 1957-641810	19570225
GB 884775			GB	

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AB Hydrazinium salts of the type [RR'R''NNH2]X were prepared by the reaction of chloramine with tertiary amines. Thus, 78.5 g. 4- (oleoylaminopropyl)morpholine, prepared from oleic acid and 4-(3-aminopropyl)morpholine, was treated in CHCl3 solution with chloramine to give 40 g. 4-amino-4-[3-(oleoylamino)propyl]morpholinium chloride (I), flat plates, m. 135° (H2O). I was treated with Ag2O and H2O to give the hydroxide, which with HBr or HI gave the bromide, decompose 142°, and iodide, decompose 138°. Similarly, chloramine was treated with β-hydroxyethylmorpholine to give 4-amino-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)morpholinium chloride (III). III was suspended in 100 ml.

dry CHCl3 containing 6 g. octadecanoyl chloride, the mixture stirred 15 min. while 4 g. anhydrous K2CO3 was added, the mixture refluxed 2 hrs., cooled, filtered, the filtrate evaporated to dryness, the brown plates washed with hexane, triturated, and vacuum dried to give a tan paste, which was about 93% pure 4-amino-4-[2-(octadecanoyloxy)ethyl]morpholinium chloride, which ran clear and decomposed at 61°. Chloramine with fused aminoethylpiperazine distearate gave 4-stearoyl-1-amino-1-[2-(stearoylamino)ethyl]piperazinium chloride, m. approx. 168°. Stearic acid and dimethylaminopropylamine gave aminopropyldimethylammonium stearate, which on heating gave 3-stearoylaminopropyldimethylamine (IV), m. 49-50°. Chloramine and IV gave 1,1-dimethyl-1-[3-(stearoylamino)propyl]hydrazinium chloride (V). IV and aqueous KI gave the iodide, m. 136°. Lauric acid heated with dimethylaminopropylamine gave lauroylaminopropyldimethylamine (VI), b2 171-94°. V and chloramine gave 1,1-dimethyl-1-[3-(lauroylamino)propyl]hydrazinium chloride. Similarly, the following were prepared: 1-ethyl-1-(2hydroxyethyl) -1-[2-( $\beta$ -stearoylamino)ethyl]-hydrazinium chloride, decompose 75°; 1,1-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-[3-(octadecylamino)propyl]hydrazinium chloride; and 1,1-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-(oleoyloxyethyl) hydrazinium chloride. 112-80-1, Oleic acid

IT

(esters, with (hydroxyalkyl) hydrazonium compds.)

112-80-1 CAPLUS RN

9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7 Z (CH<sub>2</sub>) 7

IT 3179-80-4, Dodecanamide, N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-7651-02-7, Octadecanamide, N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-(preparation of)

3179-80-4 CAPLUS RN

Dodecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX CN

$$^{\circ}_{\parallel}$$
 Me<sub>2</sub>N-- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH-C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-Me

7651-02-7 CAPLUS RN

Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

$$Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{16}-Me_2N-(CH_2)_{16}$$

L117 ANSWER 45 OF 52 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1956:57015 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 50:57015 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 50:10763b-c TITLE:

Carboxylic acid salts of N-(dialkylaminoalkyl)amides

INVENTOR(S):

Jelling, Murray

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2737509		19560306	US 1953-393244	19531119

ED Entered STN: 22 Apr 2001

AB By using the fatty or rosin acid salts of N-(dialkylaminoalkyl)amides of fatty acids as bonding agents, certain bituminous compns. may be coated on wet aggregates with the formation of durable bonds. Such coatings effectively resist the stripping action of water. By heating 1 mole Me2N(CH2)3NH2 with 2 moles tall oil 4 hrs. at 150°C. and removing 1 mole H2O by distillation, the rosin acid salts of N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-amides of oleic, linoleic, and linolenic acids are formed. This product 1 heated with asphalt cement 100 parts 7 days at 325°F. and mixed with petroleum naphtha displays desirable bonding characteristics.

RN 109-55-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-dimethyl- (6CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $H_2N-(CH_2)_3-NMe_2$ 

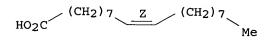
RN 70715-14-9 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-, compd. with (9Z)-N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-9-octadecenamide (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 112-80-1 CMF C18 H34 O2

Double bond geometry as shown.



CM 2

CRN 109-28-4 CMF C23 H46 N2 O

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_3} N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_7} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_7} Me$$

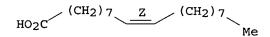
IT 112-80-1, Oleic acid

(compds. with N-(dialkylaminoalkyl)oleamides, as bonding agents in bituminous materials)

RN 112-80-1 CAPLUS

CN 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L117 ANSWER 46 OF 52 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005094176 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15724349

TITLE: Allergic contact dermatitis from cocamidopropyl betaine,

cocamidoamine, 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine, and oleamidopropyl dimethylamine: co-reactions or

cross-reactions?.

AUTHOR: Moreau Linda; Sasseville Denis

CORPORATE SOURCE: McGill University Health Centre, Montreal, Canada.

SOURCE: Dermatitis : contact, atopic, occupational, drug : official.

journal of the American Contact Dermatitis Society, North American Contact Dermatitis Group, (2004 Sep) Vol. 15, No.

3, pp. 146-9.

Journal code: 101207335. ISSN: 1710-3568.

PUB. COUNTRY: Canada

DOCUMENT TYPE: (CASE REPORTS)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200503

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Feb 2005

Last Updated on STN: 22 Mar 2005 Entered Medline: 21 Mar 2005

ABSTRACT:

We present the case of a patient with facial dermatitis caused by sensitization to cocamidopropyl betaine. The patient also had positive patch-test reactions to cocamidoamine, 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine, and oleamidopropyl dimethylamine. The presence of 3-(dimethylamino)propylamine as an impurity in all of these substances can be hypothesized to explain these simultaneous reactions.

CONTROLLED TERM: Check Tags: Female

Adult

Allergens: AE, adverse effects \*Betaine: AE, adverse effects \*Betaine: AA, analogs & derivatives

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on 194 -3

\*Cosmetics: AE, adverse effects

Cross Reactions

\*Dermatitis, Allergic Contact: ET, etiology

\*Diamines: AE, adverse effects

Drug Synergism

\*Hair Preparations: AE, adverse effects

\*Propylamines: AE, adverse effects

\*Surface-Active Agents: AE, adverse effects

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 107-43-7 (Betaine); 109-28-4 (N-(3-

(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide); 109-55-7

(3-dimethylaminopropylamine)

0 (Allergens); 0 (Cosmetics); 0 (Diamines); 0 (Hair CHEMICAL NAME:

Preparations); 0 (Propylamines); 0 (Surface-Active Agents);

0 (cocamidopropyl betaine)

L117 ANSWER 47 OF 52 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003223926 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12746058

Minoxidil-containing dosage forms: skin retention and TITLE:

after-rinsing hair-growth promotion.

Kim Jin-Chul; Lee Min-Ho; Rang Moon-Jeong AUTHOR: LG Household & Health Care, Taejon, Korea.. CORPORATE SOURCE:

jinkim@kangwon.ac.kr

Drug delivery, (2003 Apr-Jun) Vol. 10, No. 2, pp. 119-23. SOURCE:

Journal code: 9417471. ISSN: 1071-7544.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200401

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 15 May 2003

> Last Updated on STN: 17 Jan 2004 Entered Medline: 16 Jan 2004

## ABSTRACT:

Three kinds of topical dosage forms of minoxidil (MXD), namely vesicles, double emulsions, and an inclusion complex with hydoxypropyl-beta-cyclodextrin (HP-beta-CD), were prepared. The skin retention of MXD in the preparations was evaluated in vitro using hairless mouse skins. After applying the preparations onto the skin and rinsing it, the amount of the drug left on the skin was determined using HPLC. Retention was the highest when the drug was encapsulated in cationic vesicles. Nonionic vehicle, the double emulsion, and HP-beta-CD left no significant amount of the drug after rinsing the skin. Thus, an ionic interaction between the cationic vehicle and negatively charged skin is likely responsible for the relatively high skin retention. In vivo hair growth-promotion effect of each dosage form was investigated, in which the sample application onto the clipped backs of female mice (C57BL6) and the subsequent rinsing of the backs were done once a day for 30 days. Only MXD in the cationic vesicles had hair growth promotion effect, possibly due to significant skin retention.

CONTROLLED TERM: Check Tags: Female

Administration, Topical

Animals

Cyclodextrins: AD, administration & dosage

Cyclodextrins: PK, pharmacokinetics

Delayed-Action Preparations

Detergents

Disease Models, Animal

Drug Carriers: AD, administration & dosage

\*Drug Carriers: PK, pharmacokinetics

Meller 10/600251 Drug Compounding: MT, methods **Emulsions** Fatty Acids \*Hair: DE, drug effects \*Hair: GD, growth & development Mice, Inbred HRS Minoxidil: AD, administration & dosage \*Minoxidil: PK, pharmacokinetics Propylene Glycol: AD, administration & dosage Silicones: AD, administration & dosage \*Skin: ME, metabolism Skin Absorption: DE, drug effects Stearates: PK, pharmacokinetics Transport Vesicles: DE, drug effects \*beta-Cyclodextrins 38304-91-5 (Minoxidil); 57-55-6 (Propylene Glycol); 7651-02-7 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)octadecanamide) ; 94035-02-6 (2-hydroxypropyl-beta-cyclodextrin) 0 (Cyclodextrins); 0 (Delayed-Action Preparations); 0 (Detergents); 0 (Drug Carriers); 0 (Emulsions); 0 (Fatty Acids); 0 (Silicones); 0 (Stearates); 0 (beta-Cyclodextrins) L117 ANSWER 48 OF 52 MEDLINE on STN 96063936 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 8549137 Contact allergy to oleamidopropyl dimethylamine and related Foti C; Rigano L; Vena G A; Grandolfo M; Liguori G; Angelini G Department of Dermatology, University of Bari, Italy. Contact dermatitis, (1995 Aug) Vol. 33, No. 2, pp. 132-3. Journal code: 7604950. ISSN: 0105-1873. Denmark Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) English Priority Journals 199602 Entered STN: 6 Mar 1996 Last Updated on STN: 6 Mar 1996 Entered Medline: 20 Feb 1996 \*Cosmetics: AE, adverse effects Dermatitis, Allergic Contact: DI, diagnosis \*Dermatitis, Allergic Contact: ET, etiology Humans

FILE SEGMENT:

CAS REGISTRY NO.:

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

PUB. COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

TITLE:

**AUTHOR:** 

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

CHEMICAL NAME:

ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE:

CONTROLLED TERM:

Patch Tests: MT, methods

\*Propylamines: AE, adverse effects

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 109-28-4 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide)

CHEMICAL NAME: 0 (Cosmetics); 0 (Propylamines)

MEDLINE on STN L117 ANSWER 49 OF 52 ACCESSION NUMBER: 93083180 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 1451470

TITLE: The patch test dilution of oleamidopropyl dimethylamine. Bruynzeel D P; Niklasson B AUTHOR:

Department of Occupational Dermatology, Free University CORPORATE SOURCE:

Academic Hospital, Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

SOURCE: Contact dermatitis, (1992 Sep) Vol. 27, No. 3, pp. 190-1.

Journal code: 7604950. ISSN: 0105-1873.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Denmark

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 29 Jan 1993

Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 1993

Entered Medline: 7 Jan 1993

CONTROLLED TERM:

Dermatitis, Contact: ET, etiology

Humans

\*Patch Tests: MT, methods

Propylamines: AE, adverse effects \*Propylamines: DU, diagnostic use

CAS REGISTRY NO.:

109-28-4 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide)

CHEMICAL NAME:

0 (Propylamines)

L117 ANSWER 50 OF 52 ACCESSION NUMBER:

MEDLINE on STN 89305232

MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 2743873

TITLE:

Oleamidopropyl dimethylamine.

AUTHOR:

de Groot A C

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Dermatology, Carolus and Willem-Alexander

Hospital, s-Hertogenbosch (The Netherlands).

SOURCE:

Dermatosen in Beruf und Umwelt. Occupation and environment,

(1989 May-Jun) Vol. 37, No. 3, pp. 101-5. Journal code: 7802820. ISSN: 0343-2432.

PUB. COUNTRY:

GERMANY, WEST: Germany, Federal Republic of Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

DOCUMENT TYPE: English

LANGUAGE: FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

198908

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 9 Mar 1990

Last Updated on STN: 9 Mar 1990 Entered Medline: 25 Aug 1989

## ABSTRACT:

The cationic emulsifier oleamidopropyl dimethylamine has been responsible for many cases of cosmetic sensitisation in The Netherlands. Of 119 patients with proven cosmetic-related allergic contact dermatitis, 13 (11%) were allergic to oleamidopropyl dimethylamine. The clinical data of 12 patients, all sensitised by one particular baby body lotion containing 0.3% of the emulsifier, are presented. The cross-reaction pattern of oleamidopropyl dimethylamine was investigated by patch testing 13 patients allergic to the emulsifier with a series of related amideamine type emulsifiers. Most cross-reactions were observed to ricinoleamidopropyl dimethylamine lactate and tallowamidopropyl dimethylamine (11 patients, 85%). 9 patients (of 12 tested: 75%) reacted to lauramidopropyl dimethylamine and 6 (46%) to myristamidopropyl dimethylamine. It is concluded that the presence of oleamidopropyl dimethylamine in a concentration of 0.3% in stay-on cosmetics, especially when applied to damaged skin and/or the periorbital area, bears a definite risk of the induction and elicitation of contact allergic reactions.

CONTROLLED TERM:

\*Cosmetics: AE, adverse effects

\*Dermatitis, Contact: ET, etiology

\*Dermatologic Agents: AE, adverse effects

Dose-Response Relationship, Drug \*Emollients: AE, adverse effects \*Excipients: AE, adverse effects

Humans Netherlands Patch Tests

\*Propylamines: AE, adverse effects

CAS REGISTRY NO.:

109-28-4 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide)

CHEMICAL NAME:

0 (Cosmetics); 0 (Dermatologic Agents); 0 (Emollients); 0

(Excipients); 0 (Propylamines)

L117 ANSWER 51 OF 52 ACCESSION NUMBER: 89120067

MEDLINE on STN MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 3219837

TITLE:

Cross-reaction pattern of the cationic emulsifier

oleamidopropyl dimethylamine.

**AUTHOR:** 

de Groot A C; Jagtman B A; van der Meeren H L; Bruynzeel D

P; Bos J D; den Hengst C W; Weyland J W

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Dermatology, Carolus & Willem-Alexander

Hospital, Hertogenbosch, The Netherlands.

SOURCE:

Contact dermatitis, (1988 Oct) Vol. 19, No. 4, pp. 284-9.

Journal code: 7604950. ISSN: 0105-1873.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Denmark

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

198903

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 8 Mar 1990

Last Updated on STN: 8 Mar 1990 Entered Medline: 16 Mar 1989

## ABSTRACT:

13 patients allergic to the cationic emulsifier oleamidopropyl dimethylamine were tested with a series of related amide-amine type surfactants in order to investigate its cross-reaction pattern. With 1 exception, all patients reacted to at least 4 of the test materials. Most reactions were observed to ricinoleamidopropyl dimethylamine lactate and tallowamidopropyl dimethylamine (11 patients, 85%); 9 patients (of 12 tested, 75%) reacted to lauramidopropyl dimethylamine and 6 (46%) to myristamidopropyl dimethylamine. A certain pattern of cross-reactivity was recognised.

CONTROLLED TERM:

Check Tags: Female

Adolescent Adult Cations

Cosmetics: AE, adverse effects

Cross Reactions

Dermatitis, Contact: ET, etiology \*Dermatitis, Contact: IM, immunology

Humans

Middle Aged

Propylamines: AE, adverse effects

\*Propylamines: IM, immunology

Surface-Active Agents: AE, adverse effects 109-28-4 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide) 0 (Cations); 0 (Cosmetics); 0 (Propylamines); 0

CAS REGISTRY NO.: CHEMICAL NAME:

(Surface-Active Agents)

MEDLINE on STN

L117 ANSWER 52 OF 52 ACCESSION NUMBER:

85125900 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 6525824

TITLE:

Contact allergy to oleamidopropyl dimethylamine.

AUTHOR:

de Groot A G; Liem D H

SOURCE:

Contact dermatitis, (1984 Nov) Vol. 11, No. 5, pp. 298-301.

Journal code: 7604950. ISSN: 0105-1873.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Denmark

- DOCUMENT TYPE:

(CASE REPORTS)

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 198503

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20 Mar 1990

Last Updated on STN: 20 Mar 1990 Entered Medline: 27 Mar 1985

ABSTRACT:

Contact allergy to the cationic emulsifier oleamidopropyl dimethylamine was demonstrated in 3 patients. In every case the emulsifier was present in a particular brand of body lotion. Patch test concentrations of 0.1% and 0.5% in water are proposed; slightly higher concentrations may induce irritant responses. Although these are the first documented cases of contact allergy to oleamidopropyl dimethylamine, it is argued that hypersensitivity to this compound may not be rare.

CONTROLLED TERM: Check Tags: Female

Adult

\*Cosmetics: AE, adverse effects
\*Dermatitis, Contact: ET, etiology

Humans Patch Tests

\*Propylamines: AE, adverse effects

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 109-28-4 (N-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)oleamide)

CHEMICAL NAME: 0 (Cosmetics); 0 (Propylamines)

=> fil reg; s 109-28-4 or 7651-02-7

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:44:39 ON 03 AUG 2006

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 AUG 2006 HIGHEST RN 897851-29-5 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 AUG 2006 HIGHEST RN 897851-29-5

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

1 109-28-4

(109-28-4/RN)

1 7651-02-7

(7651-02-7/RN)

L118 2 109-28-4 OR 7651-02-7

=> d ide 1-2; fil hom

L118 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

```
7651-02-7 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     Octadecanamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI)
     INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     Adogen S 18V
CN
     Catinal MPAS
CN
CN
     Chemdex S
CN
     Incromine SB
CN
     Lexamine S 13
CN
     N', N'-Dimethyl-N-octadecanoyl-1, 3-diaminopropane
CN
     N, N-Dimethyl-3-(octadecanoylamino)propylamine
     N, N-Dimethyl-N'-stearoyl-1,3-propanediamine
CN
     N-[3-(Dimethylamino)-1-propyl]octadecanamide
CN
     N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]stearamide
CN
CN
     NSC 86167
                                                                structures for
Molline hits
CN
     SAPDMA
CN
     Stearamidopropyl dimethylamine
     Stearic acid 3-(dimethylaminopropyl)amide
CN
     Stearic acid dimethylaminopropylamide
CN
     Tegamine S 13
CN.
     Tego Amide S 18
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C23 H48 N2 O
MF
CI
     COM
                 BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
LC
       CIN, CSCHEM, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER,
       USPAT2, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Me_2N-(CH_2)_3-NH-C-(CH_2)_{16}-Me
**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
             202 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
             204 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
               8 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
L118 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     109-28-4 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     9-Octadecenamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, (Z)-
     Oleamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     Lexamine 0 13
CN
     N-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]oleamide
CN
     Oleamidopropyl 3-dimethylamine
CN
     Schercodine O
     Tegamine 0-13
CN
```

CN Tegamine 0 13

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 3271-67-8

MF C23 H46 N2 O

CI COI

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, CSNB, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, SCISEARCH, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$Me_2N \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_3} N \xrightarrow{\text{N}_{H}} (CH_2)_{7} Z \xrightarrow{\text{(CH}_2)_{7}} Me$$

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

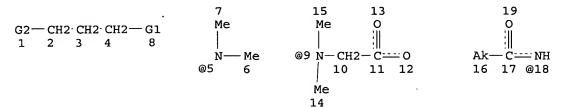
- 63 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 63 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:44:46 ON 03 AUG 2006

=>

Page 1.

=> d stat que 132; d his nofile
L8 STR



VAR G1=5/9
VAR G2=NH2/18
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 5
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 16
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS HIC AT 16
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

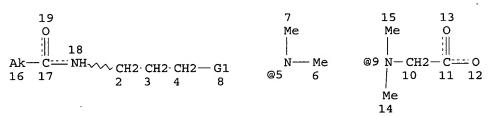
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L10 SCR 1399 AND 1006 AND 1236

L12 843 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 AND L10

L28 STF



VAR G1=5/9
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 5
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 12
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 16
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS HIC AT 16
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS M14-X24 C AT 16

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 18

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L30 157 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L12 SSS FUL L28

L32 140 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L30/COMPLETE

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:17:16 ON 03 AUG 2006)
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L1	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:17:24 ON 03 AUG 2006 STR
L2 L3		50 SEA SSS SAM L1 2 SEA ABB=ON L2 AND 2/NC
L4 L5		D SCAN STR L1 20 SEA SSS SAM L4
L6		STR L1 50 SEA SSS SAM L6
L7 L8		STR L6
L9		1 SEA SSS SAM L8
		'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:28:36 ON 03 AUG 2006
T 1 0	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:32:22 ON 03 AUG 2006 SCREEN 1399 AND 1006 AND 1236
L10 L11		14 SEA SSS SAM L8 AND L10
L12		843 SEA SSS FUL L8 AND L10
		SAVE TEMP L12 MEL251FULL/A
	FILE	'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:48:20 ON 03 AUG 2006
		E 10-HEPTADECANOIC ACID/CN E 11-TRANSEICOSENIC ACID/CN
		E 11-TRANSETCOSENTC ACID/CN
	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:48:58 ON 03 AUG 2006
		E 10-HEPTADECANOIC ACID/CN E 11-TRANSEICOSENIC ACID/CN
L13		1 SEA ABB=ON "11-TRANS-OCTADECENOIC ACID"/CN
		D SCAN
		E EICOSENIC ACID/CN
	FILE	'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:49:57 ON 03 AUG 2006
L14		E EICOSENIC ACID/CN 2 SEA ABB=ON "EICOSENOIC ACID"/CN
		D SCAN
	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:50:39 ON 03 AUG 2006
	1 100	E HEPTADECANOIC ACID/CN
L15		1 SEA ABB=ON "HEPTADECANOIC ACID"/CN D SCAN
		D SCAN
	FILE	'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:51:16 ON 03 AUG 2006
	FILE	'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:52:50 ON 03 AUG 2006
L16 L17		0 SEA ABB=ON C14-24 H28-48 O2/MF 0 SEA ABB=ON C14-24
L18		42204 SEA ABB=ON 14-24/C
L19		1859 SEA ABB=ON 14-24/C AND 28-48/H AND 2/O
L20 L21		571 SEA ABB=ON L19 NOT RSD/FA 293 SEA ABB=ON L20 AND 3/ELC.SUB
D2 I		255 6ER IBB-6R 226 IEB 5/226.662
1 22	FILE	'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:56:06 ON 03 AUG 2006 26914 SEA ABB=ON 14-24/C AND 28-48/H AND 2/O AND 3/ELC.SUB NOT
L22		RSD/FA
		SAVE TEMP L22 MEL251FUL2/A
L23 L24		STR L8 18 SEA SUB=L12 SSS SAM L23
L25		STR L23

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11 SEA SUB=L12 SSS SAM L25
L26
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:00:55 ON 03 AUG 2006
             14 SEA ABB=ON L26
                D SCAN TI
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:01:55 ON 03 AUG 2006
                STR L25
L28
             11 SEA SUB=L12 SSS SAM L28
L29
                D SCAN
            157 SEA SUB=L12 SSS FUL L28
L30
                SAVE TEMP L30 MEL251SUB/A
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:03:55 ON 03 AUG 2006
           504 SEA ABB=ON L30
L31
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:04:07 ON 03 AUG 2006
L32
           140 SEA ABB=ON L30/COMPLETE
            686 SEA ABB=ON L12 NOT L30
L33
L34
                ANALYZE L32 1- LC : 29 TERMS
                D 1-29
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:06:04 ON 03 AUG 2006
           503 SEA ABB=ON L32
L35
         199095 SEA ABB=ON L22
L36
L37
         6173 SEA ABB=ON L33
           730 SEA ABB=ON L36 AND L37
L38
        127746 SEA ABB=ON 62/SC,SX
L39
         76383 SEA ABB=ON COSMETICS+NT/CT
L40
           104 SEA ABB=ON L35(L)COS/RL
L41
            235 SEA ABB=ON L35 AND (L39 OR L40)
L42
           390 SEA ABB=ON (L36(L)COS/RL AND L37(L)COS/RL) OR (L38 AND (L39
T.43
                OR L40))
           1492 SEA ABB=ON CRANBERR?/OBI
L44
              2 SEA ABB=ON (L41 OR L42 OR L43) AND L44
L45
                D SCAN
L46
         127133 SEA ABB=ON TOPICAL?/OBI OR SKIN/CW
             2 SEA ABB=ON (L38 OR L35) AND L44
L47
            240 SEA ABB=ON (VACCINIUM/OBI OR V/OBI) (W) MACROCARPON/OBI
L48
            O SEA ABB=ON L48 AND (L38 OR L35)
L49
          5109 SEA ABB=ON (COLD PRESS?)/BI
0 SEA ABB=ON L50 AND (L38 OR L35)
L50
L51
          18932 SEA ABB=ON (SEED#(2A)OIL#)/BI
O SEA ABB=ON L52 AND L35,38/OBI
L52
L53
             10 SEA ABB=ON L52 AND (L35 OR L38)
L54
                D KWIC 1-3
                D SCAN TI
           2113 SEA ABB=ON CRANBERR?/BI OR ((VACCINIUM OR V) (W) MACROCARPON)/BI
L55
L56
              2 SEA ABB=ON L55 AND (L38 OR L35)
     FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:14:50 ON 03 AUG 2006
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:17:07 ON 03 AUG 2006
            465 SEA ABB=ON L35 AND P/DT
L57
            378 SEA ABB=ON L57 NOT AY>2003
L58
           336 SEA ABB=ON L57 NOT AY>2002
255 SEA ABB=ON L57 NOT PY>2002
L59
L60
           357 SEA ABB=ON L57 NOT PRY>2002
L61
            357 SEA ABB=ON (L59 OR L60 OR L61)
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L62

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L63
            38 SEA ABB=ON L35 NOT L57
            36 SEA ABB=ON L63 NOT PY>2002
L64
    FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 12:22:59 ON 03 AUG 2006
L65
            49 SEA ABB=ON L32
            92 SEA ABB=ON L33 AND L22
L66
           413 SEA ABB=ON CRANBERR? OR ((VACCINIUM OR V) (W) MACROCARPON) OR
L67
               CRAN (A) BERR?
             O SEA ABB=ON (L65 OR L66) AND L67
L68
    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:24:47 ON 03 AUG 2006
             7 SEA ABB=ON L32
L69
               D COST
               D TRIAL L69 1-7
               D OUE NOS L33
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:26:02 ON 03 AUG 2006
      1 SEA ABB=ON L33 AND MEDLINE/LC
L70
          178 SEA ABB=ON L22 AND MEDLINE/LC
L71
    FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:26:21 ON 03 AUG 2006
          16 SEA ABB=ON L70
L72
         32377 SEA ABB=ON L71
L73
               E FATTY ACIDS/CT
               E E3+ALL
        383206 SEA ABB=ON FATTY ACIDS+NT/CT
L74
             1 SEA ABB=ON L72 AND (L73 OR L74)
L75
               D TRIAL
               E ACETIC ACIDS+ALL/CT
L76
             0 SEA ABB=ON L72 AND L73
           113 SEA ABB=ON VACCINIUM MACROCARPON/CT
L77
             0 SEA ABB=ON L77 AND L72
L78
    FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 12:29:27 ON 03 AUG 2006
             1 SEA ABB=ON L32
L79
               D TRIAL
               D IALL
    FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:30:21 ON 03 AUG 2006
    FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:32:50 ON 03 AUG 2006
              SET SFIELDS BI
         38452 SEA ABB=ON PALMITIC
L80
         71763 SEA ABB=ON STERIC
L81
         63693 SEA ABB=ON OLEIC
L82
         41760 SEA ABB=ON LINOLEIC
L83
         21422 SEA ABB=ON LINOLENIC
L84
         4729 SEA ABB=ON ARACHIDIC
L85
           351 SEA ABB=ON GADOLEIC
L86
         14638 SEA ABB=ON MYRISTIC
L87
          5434 SEA ABB=ON PENTADECANOIC
L88
          5750 SEA ABB=ON PALMITOLEIC
L89
          4587 SEA ABB=ON HEPTADECANOIC
L90
          1330 SEA ABB=ON NONADECANOIC
L91
             O SEA ABB=ON TRANSEICOSENOIC OR TRANSEICOSENIC
L92
             1 SEA ABB=ON EICOSANDIENOIC
L93
          1552 SEA ABB=ON EICOSATRIENOIC
L94
          8733 SEA ABB=ON EICOSAPENTAENOIC
L95
          4558 SEA ABB=ON BEHENIC
L96
          4235 SEA ABB=ON ERUCIC
L97
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L98
          1167 SEA ABB=ON DOCOSAPENTAENOIC
           865 SEA ABB=ON TRICOSANOIC
L100
          1632 SEA ABB=ON LIGNOCERIC
L101
           452 SEA ABB=ON NERVONIC
           216 SEA ABB=ON L38 AND (L80 OR L81 OR L82 OR L83 OR L84 OR L85 OR
L102
               L86 OR L87 OR L88 OR L89 OR L90 OR L91 OR L92 OR L93 OR L94 OR
               L95 OR L96 OR L97 OR L98 OR L99 OR L100 OR L101)
            29 SEA ABB=ON L61 AND L102
L103
             1 SEA ABB=ON L64 AND L102
L104
L105
          31165 SEA ABB=ON ?BERRY OR ?BERRIES
             5 SEA ABB=ON L38 AND L105
L106
               D SCAN TI
               D KWIC 1-5
           2852 SEA ABB=ON VACCINIUM
L107
L108
             1 SEA ABB=ON L38 AND L107
               D SCAN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:56 ON 03 AUG 2006
               D STAT QUE L32
               D OUE NOS L33
               D OUE NOS L22
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:38:26 ON 03 AUG 2006
               D OUE NOS L56
               D QUE NOS L54
               D QUE NOS L103
               D QUE NOS L104
               D QUE NOS L106
               D QUE NOS L108
               D QUE NOS L49
               D QUE L51
               D SAVED
               ACT MEL251CAAU/A
               _____
            273) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON O LENICK A?/AU
L109(
            7) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (LAVAY C?/AU OR LA VAY C?/AU)
L110(
             7) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L109 AND L110
L111 (
             2 SEA ABB=ON RASPBERRY/TI AND L111
L112
              -----
           273 SEA ABB=ON (OLENICK A?/AU OR O LENICK A?/AU)
L113
             7 SEA ABB=ON (LAVAY C?/AU OR LA VAY C?/AU)
L114
             16 SEA ABB=ON ((L55 OR L50 OR L52) AND (L113 OR L114)) OR (L113
L115
               AND L114)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:42:01 ON 03 AUG 2006
               D OUE L115
               D IBIB ED ABS HITIND L115 1-16
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:42:28 ON 03 AUG 2006
               D STAT QUE L32
               D QUE NOS L33
               D QUE NOS L22
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:42:39 ON 03 AUG 2006
               D QUE NOS L56
                D QUE NOS L54
               D QUE NOS L103
               D QUE NOS L104
               D QUE NOS L106
               D QUE NOS L108
```

=>

D QUE NOS L49

D QUE NOS L51

L116 45 SEA ABB=ON (L56 OR L54 OR L103 OR L104 OR L106 OR L108) NOT L115

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:10 ON 03 AUG 2006

D QUE NOS L69 D QUE NOS L76

FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:18 ON 03 AUG 2006

L117 52 DUP REM L116 L69 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-45' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '46-52' FROM FILE MEDLINE

D IBIB ED ABS HITSTR 1-45

D IALL 46-52

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:44:39 ON 03 AUG 2006

L118 2 SEA ABB=ON 109-28-4 OR 7651-02-7

D IDE 1-2

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:44:46 ON 03 AUG 2006 D STAT QUE L32

D OIMI QUE